ommencement of a subscription year, till the expiration of Any subscriber wishing his paper discontinued at the end of e year, must pay up in full and give the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the paper will be continued and charged for according to the above terms.

Any person sending us five NEW subscribers, accompa nied by the advance subscription, (\$12 50,) will receive the Registered Letters, containing money for this paper, at our

All letters on business connected with this office, must be addressed (post paid) to the proprietors.

Professional and Business Cards.

B. F. & A. J. GRADY,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

GEO. W. ROSE, CARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR, June 17 WILL WILMINGTON, N. C.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE. & D. DuPRE, Wholesale and Retail Druggists May 9th, 1853 C. DuPre. D. J.

38-tf D. DuPre, JR.

S. M. WEST, A UCTIONEER and Commission Merchant, Wilmington, N Wilmington, N. J.

JAS. C. SMITH & CO., MILES COSTIN COMMISSION MERCHANTS, have removed their of-fice to the second story of the building formerly occupied by the Telegraph Company, where they are prepared to attend to all business in the Commission line. All business entrusted to them will be puctually attended

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to take contracts in his line of business. He keeps constantly on hand, Lime, Ce-MENT, PLASTER, PLASTERING HAIR, Philadelphia Press BRICK,

FIRE BRICK.

N. B. To Distillers of Turpentine,—he is prepared to put up Stills at the shortest motice. [May 20—37-1y WILLIAM H. LIPPITT, W HOLESALE and Retail Druggist, and Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Market-streets, immediately opposite Shaw's old stand, Wil-

J. M. ROBINSON, MPORTER and Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Stoves, Nails, &c., Front-street, 3 doors South of Market, Wil-

W. H. McKOY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER AND FOR-WARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, SOUTH WATER STREET, 6 doors below Market. Particular attention paid to the sale of Naval Stores

\$\overline{\pi}\ N. F. BOURDEAUX.

INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVIS-IONS, Wilmington, N. C. The subscriber having been elected Inspector of Naval Stores and Provisions, in the Town of Wilmington, at the December Term of the County Court of New Hanover County, will give prompt attention to all business in that line entrusted to him. N. F. BOURDEAUX. J. M. ROBINSON.

Hardware Merchant, Wilmington, N. C.,

TS JI ST receiving his fall supply of warranted Saws, Axes, Nails, Hollow-ware, Pocket, and Table, Cutlery, heavy plated Table Spoons and Forks, Fine Tea Trays and Waiters, Brass and Common Andirons, Shovels and Tongs; a FULL ASSORTMENT of the best of Builders' Hardware; Mechanic's Tools of every variety, and warranted of superior quality; Ploughs, Fan Mills, Corn Shellers, Hay Cutters, &c. [Dec. 2, 1853. 13 THOS. B. CARR. M. D. D. D. S.

PRACTICAL DENTIST for the last ten years, charges for 10 or less artificial teeth on fine gold plate. n entire set of teeth on fine gold plate,

Ditto on gold, with artificial gums, on Platina plate, with artificial gums, 150 00 days before commencing, and which S. Jewett, or Mr. Whitaker. A Pivot tooth that cannot be distinguished from the natural,
A fine gold filling, warranted permanent,

Do. and destroying the nerve, \$3 to 5 00 Extracting a tooth, 50 cts. to 1 00 \$3 to 5 00 Best dentifrices and tooth brushes always on hand. Every operation warranted to give entire satisfaction. Teeth inserted immediately after the extraction of the fangs, and remoddeled after the gums have shrunken, without additional charge. Office on Market-st., 2 doors below the Church

Wilmington, N. C., April 24th, 1854 195-1m-34-tf NOTICE TO MILL QWNERS AMD OTHERS. THE subscriber has increased his number of workmen of the most competent that can be obtained. He can com-pete with any Machinist or Architect from North or South. He is prepared to take all jobs in the Machinist or Architect ine, viz: fitting up Steam Engines, erecting Circular or Upright Saws, Foundering, Framing, and erecting Water Mills, with Hotchkiss' or any wheels in use. All his work will be done on the most approved plans. He has correspondence with some of the best Foundries, and will furnish drawings for any necessary castings, and have them ordered to the most convenient place. All persons who want work done in the above lines, would do well to give him a call, as he has had long experience in the business. He returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage he has received.—Address D. B. JOHNSON,

Machinist and Architect, Pollocksville, Jones Co., N. C.

March 2, 1855. Coach and Carriage Manufactory-Clinton, N. C. BOLD ROBIN HOOD respectfully informs the citizens of Sampson county and public generally, he, having recently been partially burnt out, has rebuilt; and his establishment is now in full operation in all its various branches. He is prepared to put up the PATENT SPRING BUGGY, having purchased the right for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and heave her eight for the country of Saurason and Heave her eight for the co ty of Sampson; and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage. He warrants all his work to be made of the very best materials, and should any of it

for ten years, for \$10. Clinton, May 11, 1855-36-tf. NOTICE.

A LL persons are forbid trespassing upon any of my lands in any way, and more particularly hunting with dogs and feeding stock of any kind. Five dollars will be paid for widence to convict any trespassers.
Aug. 17th, 1855.—[50-1y* EDWARD PIGFORD.

WE HAVE in operation at Kenansville a Branch Shop, where we keep an assortment of Carriages, of our own make, and where reparing is done. We have also established in connexion with our Carriage Factory, the manufacture of Plantation and Turpentine Waggons. Also, Ryder's pattent purchase Timber Carriage. With one of these carriages, one boy can load the heaviest sticks, and it requires but we think the team to have. two thirds the team to haul. These Waggons are got up with Iron Axles, and of as good materials and with as much care as our best Carriages, and warranted to give satisfaction. Timber getters will do well to examine our Timber Carriages.
Orders directed to us, or left with J. Chesnut, Kenansville,

or T. C. & B. G. Worth, Wilmington, will receive prompt attention.

DIBBLE & BROTHERS, Kinston, Jan. 29th, 1855.

THE subscriber continues to manufacture every variety of Buggies; also, light Carriages, which for neatness, strength and durability, are warranted equal to any sold in the State. The public generally are invited to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Feb. 9-23-tf.

W. J. CORNWALL.

HAVE new, and shall constantly keep on hand, the very best materials for the manufacture of wagons. All persons in want of good Wagons may now depend on getting them of the best quality. All orders thankfully received for any of the shore limits.

any of the above kinds of work. Repairing done as usual. Feb. 9-23-tf W. J. CORNWALL. LIGHT BUGGIES HAVE on hand several light Buggies, (with and without tops,) of my own manufacture, which I will sell on very

rms. Please call and examine. W. J. CORNWALL.

This, Sept. 21.—13.68*

The september of space of the september of the september of space of the september of the septem

Wilmington Iournal.

AWEEKLY NEWSPAPER:—Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic News, Agriculture, Commerce, and General Information.—TERMS: \$250IN ADVANCE

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

JUST RECEIVED.—10,000 lbs. White Lead, Pure, Extra and No. 1; 1,000 lbs. Black Lead, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Venetian Red, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Yellow Ochre, in Oil; 25 bbls. Blake's Fire Proof Paint; 40 bbls. Silver's Plastic Paint; 10 bbls. Linsecd Oil; 5 bbls. Lamp Oil; 5 bbls. Common Oil; 5 bbls. Machinery Oil; 400 lbs. Chrome Green, Dry and in Oil; 200 lbs. Chrome Yellow, Dry, and in Oil.

A full assortment of PAINTS always on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail, by

W. H. LIPPITT,

Nov. 1 Druggist and Chemist.

1,000 BOXES Window Glass, assorted sizes and brands, for sale at Manufacturer's prices, by WM. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist.

200 Cr. Sulph. Quinine; 10 bbls. Epsom Salts; 1 cask Sup. Carb. Snda; 50 lbs. Seidlitz Mixture; 10 lbs. Rochelle Salts; 50 lbs. Gum Opium; 50 lbs. Gum Guaiacum; 1 bbl. Gum Camphor; 500 Black Pepper; 300 Alspice; 50 lbs. Calomel; 50 lbs. Nutmegs; 25 lbs. Iodid Potass; 50 lbs. Mace; 10 lbs Sulph. Potass; 100

lbs. Rhubarb; 50 lbs. Ipecae.
For sale wholesale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT,

Druggist and Chemist JUST RECEIVED FROM PHILADELPHIA: 1 case Sulph. Quinine; 50 ozs. Calomel; 10 ozs. Sulph. and Acetate Morphene; 25 ozs. Cinchonia; 5 ozs. Salarine;

25 ozs. Blue Mass: 10 ozs. Chloroform;

19 bbls. Epsom Salts, and a choice collection of Chemicals from the Labratories of Poms & Weightman and Chas Ellis. For sale cheap at C. & D DuPRE'S, Drug and Chemical Store, Market-st. OLS! OLS!!-Just Received a fresh supply of Lin-

Oils. For sale by W. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist. W Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and DELPHIA. 25 bbls. Silver's Fire Proof Paint, all colors; 20 casks Spanish Brown; 10 do. Venetian Red; 5 do. Yellov Ochre. For sales by C. & D DvPRE, Druggists & Chemists, Wilmington, N. C.

Schools.

STRICKLANDSVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY. THIS INSTITUTION will be opened for the reception of pupils, on the 1st Monday in Nov. next. The School is established upon a permanent basis, and the Trustees are determined it shall merit the patronage of the community. The Board of Instructors are selected for their ability and experience, and a competent committee will visit the School and report monthly to the Trustees as to its condition, so that parents may be assured of the welfare of their children All the English branches, Music, Painting in Oils, Pastilles, and Water Colors, Embroidery—in short, every facility will e provided to afford a polite and useful education. Strick andsville is in Duplin County, N. C., immediately on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, fifty miles north of Wilmington, and accessible by good country roads from every point. It is now, and has always been, perfectly healthy—totally free from those diseases incidental to a Southern climate. Board can be procured in private families for the southern climate. lies for \$8 per month. Circulars, containing particulars and prices of tuition—which are much lower than in similar Institutions—will be sent to any address, by applying to the President of the Board of Trustees, or the Secretary.

TRUSTEES: J. B. B. Monk, Pres't. E. K. Faison, M. D. H. Hollingsworth, L. A. Merriman, F. A. Newberry, Sec'y. H. B. V. Carroll, L. Lewis C. Gates. Stricklandsville, Oct. 19th .- [7 3t.

THE WILMINGTON MALE AND FEMALE

150 00 For particulars, see school card which will be issued a few days before commencing, and which may be found with Mr. G. W. JEWETT 75 00 Sept. 5th, 1855 CLINTON FEMALE INSTITUTE.

CLINTON, SAMPSON COUNTY, N. C. THE NEXT SESSION of this Institute will commence on the 2d Monday of September next. For particulars see Catalogue and Circular, or address L. Graves, A. M., Principal, or the Secretary of the Truses.

H. A. BIZZELL, Sec'y. of Board of Trustees. EDGEWORTH FEMALE SEMINARY,

been in Successful operation for fifteen years, will commence on WEDNESDAY, 1st August. The course of study is designed to be thorough and systematic, embracing everything necessary to a solid and orna-

It is very important that pupils be present at the opening of the session. A few days absence at the commencement of of the year when the classes are formed, and new studies entered upon, may embarrass the pupils for weeks Catalogues containing the course of study, expenses, &c., will be forwarded on application to RICHARD STERLING, Principal.

June 15, 1855--41-1y Greensboro', N. C. WARRENTON FEMALE COLLEGE.

WARRENTON, N. C.
THE exercises of this Institution will close on the 7th of June, and will be resumed on the 27th of the same month, ral Assembly, in such cases made and provided. under the direction of the following faculty:

Rev. Thomas S Campbell, President and Prof. of English about five feet high.

literature.
Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical ciences. E. E. Parham, A. M., Prof. of Classical Literature and

Miss E. A. LACEY, Assistant in Music, and Teacher of Drawing and Painting in all its departments, Fancy Work, Mrs. S. D. CHRISTIAN, Assistant in Music and French.

from time of entrance.

Payments, one half in advance, and no deduction for abence after entrance, except in cases of protracted sickness.

A daily train of cars passes Warrenton Depot from Ral-

eigh and Weldon, and there is an omnibus at the depot on the arrival of passengers to convey them immediately to the village, a distance of but three miles. For further particulars, refer to catalogue, which can be btained by addressing THOS. S. CAMPBELL, June 1, 1855—39-tf President.

GOLDSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE. THE third Session of this Institution commences on Wednesday, the 3rd of January, 1855, and ends on the 3rd f June, 1855. Rev. JAS. H. BRENT, A. B., President Dr. Morgan Closs, late of Chapel Hill, Prof. of

And a full corps of Teachers in every branch.

Board, including Washing, Lights, Fuel, &c., per session, Tuition in Primary Department,

in the Collegiate course and all ornamental branches.
Pupils in primary department charged the usual price for ornamental branches. One half payable in advance.
Three Lectures on scientific subjects will be delivered each We are making every effort to render the School the first in

advantages and cheapness, and pledge to reduce prices, and multiply the advantages in proportion to the increase of patronage. When our number of pupils reaches 200 we shall be able to reduce the prices nearly one half; every one aiding us, is also aiding in placing the means of a superior education within the reach of almost every girl in the State. We return thanks for the unexampled support we have had and believe it will be continued. For further information apply to the President of the faculty, or myself.
WM. K. LANE, President Stockholders. 15-tf

Dec. 15, 1854. THAT VALUABLE HOUSE & LOT, on Old Boun-THAT VALUABLE HOUSE & Lot, on occupied by Jno. Kyle, Esq.
Lot, 66 by 165 feet. Comfortable House, and all necessary

General Notices.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A co-partnership, under the name and firm of HERRING a co-partnership, under the name and firm of HER

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE the HOUSE AND LOT on which he now resides. The House is convenient and in good repair, with all suitable out-houses attached The lot contains six acres, more or less. A good wall of excellent water on the premises. or less. A good well of excellent water on the premises. For terms, etc., apply on the premises to Oct. 5, 1855.—5-3m GEORGE DAHMER.

Rare Chance! Great Inducements!!

AGENTS WANTED.

IN EVERY COUNTY IN THE UNITED STATES

and Canadas, to sell one of the most important Books ever
published in America, entitled HOWARD'S DOMESTIC

MEDICINE, containing nearly 1,000 large octavo pages and
near 100 superior Illustrations. Retail price \$4, on receipt
of which a copy will be sent, post-paid. Catalogues containing a variety of other very attractive publications, sold only
by agents, will be sent free on application to H. M. RULISON, 32 South Third street, Philadelphia, Pa., or 115½
Maine street, Cincinnati, Ohio. Cincinnati, Ohio.

NEW STORE AT LONG CREEK BRIDGE. To the residents of Long Creek and the adjacent country. WE, the undersigned, having entered into co-partnership under the name and style of "BLUMHNTHAL & BRO.," with the view of carrying on the DRY GOODS and READY-MADE CLOTHING BUSINESS, are now opening a large, elegant and well-selected stock of Goods, consisting in part of the following articles:

GENTLEMEN'S READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Frock and Dress Coats of every style and description.

Ready-made Shirts, Stocks, Cravats, and every other article of Gentlemen's apparel. Also, a large, fashionable and elegant assortment of LADIES' FANCY and DRESS GOODS, msisting in part of Silks, DeLaines, Ginghams, Muslins, &c.; a well-selected assortment of every description of Calioes, with any other article for ! adies' wear-all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices to suit customers. We also have, and intend keeping, a large and well-selected stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS, of the best material and most approved make, together with a small assortment of Watches and other Jewelry, in good order. All persons are particularly invited to call and examine our stock and learn our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

We have opened our store in this place with a view of making it our permanent home and place of business, and are determined to use a very courtient to six all waters. are determined to use every exertion to suit all such as may honor us with their presence. We are resolved to sell our goods at prices as low as any wherein the country, "Quick sales and small profits," being our motto. Our Store occupies the building heretofore known as the "Temperance SAMUEL BLUMENTHAL, JACOB BLUMENTHAL. Long Creek Bridge, Sept. 14th .- [2-2m.

CHARLOTTE HOTEL. THIS HOTEL, situated in the centre of the town of Charlotte—convenient to all the places of business—is still kept open for public accommodation. The proprietor still kept open for public accommodation at this stand for WILL RE-OPEN ON MONDAY, October 1st, at So ciety Hall. The Board of Instruction will be the same fourteen years. He now offers to the use of the public and improved and improved

> every part of it creature comforts are abundant and tangible, especially in the DINING ROOM, where the inner man is renewed day by day.
>
> Connected with this Hotel are stables affording room for 100 horses, abundantly furnished with grain and provender, attended by faithful and obliging ostlers.
>
> The proprietor feels confident that, with his long experi-

ence and many new advantages added to his own native dis-position to be pleasing and agreeable, he is prepared to offer to his friends and the rest of mankind, as many comforts and Greensboro'. N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION of this Institution, which has now as much good cheer as will be found any where, perhaps a title more so.
Try the Charlotte Hotel.
Charlotte, N. C , Aug. 17, 1855.—[50-3m.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. Sampson County.

WHEREAS, D. W. CROMARTIE has this day made oath before us, John R. Ezzell and George W. Atkins, two acting Magistrates in, and for the County and State aforesaid, that his Negro girl, ROSE, absconded from his service sometime in the month of June last, and is lurking about in the neighborhood of South River, or Cape Fear, and the state of the state o committing acts of depredation and felony contrary to law.
In consideration of which, the said girl is hereby commanded to come forward and deliver herself up immediately:

Said girl is about 18 years old, of black complexion, and Given under our hands and seals, this 24th day of August, JOHN R. EZZEL, J. P., [L.S.] GEO. W. ATKINS, J. P. [L.S.] I will pay Twenty-Five Dollars reward for the delivery of said girl, ROSE, to me in Clinton, either dead or alive; Mon. V. Busch, Professor of Music and Modern Langua- and a further reward of One Hundred Dollars for sufficient proof to convict any white person of harboring her.

Aug. 31, 1855.—[52-tf D. W. CROMARTIE.

Aug. 31, 1855.-[52-tf FOR SALE, Mrs. S. D. Christian, Assistant in Music and French.
Miss M. H. Taylor, Principal of Primary Department.
Mrs. S. D. Christian, Assistant in Music and French.
Miss M. H. Taylor, Principal of Primary Department.
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Miss M. H. Taylor, Principal of Primary Department.
Mrs. S. D. Christian, Assistant in Music and French.
Miss M. H. Taylor, Principal of Primary Department.
Mrs. Thos. S. Campbell, Matron.
A regular and thorough course of study has been adopted in order to graduation, and ne efforts will be spared to promote the moral and intellectual welfare of the students. Pupils can a good tenant, at a rent of \$200 per annum. There is an insurance of \$1,000 on the dwelling house, in the N. C. Mufort to promote the moral and intellectual welfare of the students. Pupils can insurance of \$1,000 on the dwelling house, in the N. C. Mufort to promote the moral and intellectual welfare of the students. Pupils can insurance of \$1,000 on the dwelling house, in the N. C. Mufort to promote the moral and intellectual welfare of the students. A CONVENIENT TWO-STORY DWELLING insurance of \$1,000 tual Insurance Company.

For further particulars, enquire of

WM. H. LASPEYRE.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between WIL-LIAM H. COLEMAN & HENRY H. HINNANT is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved, and the business to be settled by WILLIAM H. COLEMAN.

HENRY H. HINNANT,

W. H. COLEMAN.

Cerro Gordo, Columbus, Co., N. C., Nov. 2d, 1854 -51-tf.

FALL NOTICE. WE are now receiving from the Manufactories our large and extensive assortment of Fall and Winter styles of HATS and CAPS, consisting of all qualities of Wool Hats for PLANTATION AND JOBBING USE.

Soft Felt Hats of every variety, style and color; Soft Brush and Stiffened Hats, Moleskin, Beaver, and Cassimeres in great variety. Cloth, Plush, Silk and Cotton Glazed, Fur great variety. Cloth, Plush, Silk and Cotton Glazed, Fur and Embroidered Caps, all qualities. Together with the handsomest and largest assortment of Silk, American and Scotch Gingham UMBRELLAS, assorted colors and sizes, scotch Gingham UMBRELLAS, assorted colors and sizes, ever opened in this State. We would also invite attention to our clegant and fashionable selection of WALKING CANES, of all kinds in use, Gold, Silver, Agate, Ivory, Oxidized and Loaded Heads—beautiful designs.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND PLANTERS

Are especially invited to examine our stock, as we are confident of suiting all who may favor us with a call

dent of suiting all who may favor us with a call.
SHEPARD & MYERS, Wilmington, Sept. 28, 1855 .- [4-1m

FRESH ARRIVALS PER SCHR. MARY STAPLES. 40 boxes of fine CHEESE; 5 kegs GOSHEN BUTTER; 65 GRIND STONES, Ohto and Nova Scotia; 51 doz. Cranks for do. GEO. H. KELLEY'S.

Sept. 28, 1855. TRIO FOR SALE. A good Chance for a good Investment.

THE SUBSCRIBER, BEING DESIROUS of CLOsing a portion of his Turpentine operations, now offers for sale his place known as TRIO, consisting of the following

WILMINGTON MARBLE AND STONE YARD.

THE subscriber having accepted the agency of several large establishments at the North, which will furnish at large establishments at the North, which will furnish the origin or domestic MARBLE of all qualities, is prepared to fill additionable or unfinished foreign or domestic MARBLE of all qualities, is prepared to fill additionable or unfinished foreign or domestic MARBLE of all qualities, is prepared to fill adverse of the law end of the business, at reasonable rates.

THAT VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT, on Section of the law end of the l

General Notices.

hope, by prompt attention to business, to merit a fair share

WORK-SHOP AT LONG CREEK BRIDGE. WORK-SHOP AT LONG CREEK BRIDGE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE FORMED A PARTpership, under the name of the firm of WALLING &
Liwis, for the purpose of carrying on their respective
trades in wood and iron. They are established at the old
stand of Edward Walling. Blacksmithing, in all its varieties, will be executed. They will make or repair all kinds
of vehicles—Buggies, Sulkies, Barouches, Wagons, Carts,
&c. All kinds of farming tools made or repaired, and those
used in the Torand Trustation business. used in the Tar and Turpentine business. Also Guns, Gunlocks, Keys and Door-locks repaired. They are prepared to

time, are respectfully but earnestly requested to come forward without delay, as the debts due my shop must be paid up.

EDWARD WALLING. Long Creek Bridge, Sept. 24, 1855 .- 4-6t

THE Delinquent Stockholders, and all those in arrears for instalments to the Fayetteville & Warsaw Plank Road ompany, are notified that they are required, by resolution of the Board of Directors, to pay the assessments of 25 per cent., on their stock, on or before the 20th October next, to the Treasurer of the Company, or proceedings will be taken against them according to the provisions of the Charter.

Sept. 28, 1855.--[4-tf P. MURPHY, See'ry.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD



ville, Clinton and Spring Vale mellifluous and sedative speaker. In very early life, ville, Clinton and Spring values to Warsaw, N. C.

Distance 49 Miles—Running Daily, ex
Distance 49 Miles—Running Daily, ex
Summerfield, a young Methodist itinerant. His face cept Saturdays. SCHEDULE.

edition of his former house, greatly enlarged and improved, presenting in front a two story VERANDAH, 100 feet in P. M. Arrive at Clinton 10 P. M.; Owensville 1 A. M., with unlifted arms, as though for shelter from an

Warsaw, N. C., Aug. 16th. WE HAVE OPENED and new offer for sale a large and well assorted stock of FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS, to which we respectfully invite the attention of Buyers, as we feel assured that we can offer greater BAR-GAINS in first class goods than can be had in any other Store in Wilmington. Our stock of DOMESTIC and the magnificent mausoleum raised over the bier—the dim but vast apartment filled with the trophies of the punctual customers, at prices full 10 per cent. below their market value. Among which may be found—their market value. Among which may be found—the with the monarch, and with the most illustriated ous persons in the kingdom. He looked down on the gorgeous scene beneath, then raised his arms to heave.

Bed Ticking, Marlboro' Plaids, &c.; in short, every article known in the House-keeping line.

In addition to the above, we have on exhibition the most superb stock of FINE AND FANCY DRESS GOODS, for the LADIES, ever opened in Wilmington, at such prices as will defy competition—in which may be found French Merinoes, at \$1. worth \$1 25; Mouslin deLaines, Cashmeres, Crape deLaines, Poplins, Alpaceas, Bombazines, Scotch Plaids, &c., together with Gros deRhine, Glace, Gros deAfrique, Moire Antique, Watered and Plaid Black Silks.

Also, 100 dresses, asorted Fancy Colored Silks.

Black and Colored Silk and Cloth Cloaks and Talmas—a few year elegant.

vats, Stocks, &c., besides a variety of articles too numerous to mention. In soliciting a call, we would say that, we still to mention. In soliciting a call, we would say that, we still adhere to the one price system—that we warrant all the goods we sell—misrepresent nothing, and are always willing to show up our stock without urging customers to buy beyond their pleasure. To supply our large and rapid trade, we receive weekly additions to our stock, which enables us to effect the new terms of the communes, of the c to offer the newest styles of goods nearly as soon as they appear in the Northern cities.

For the benefit of CASH buyers, we allow a discount of and paternal foresight of the Emperor for their suf-We still occupy the same Store, three doors east of the Commercial Bank, one door from the corner.
Oct. 5th, 1855. HEDRICK & RYAN.

3,000 ACRES LAND FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE about three thousand acres of Land in Robeson county, lying on both sides of Lumber River, including the Red Banks.

Banks.

The land is fertile and well adapted to the culture of Cotton, Corn, &c. Three hundred and eighty-five acres are cleared and in a state of cultivation.

There is a good Dwelling House and all necessary outhouses on the premises. Also, a Grist and Saw Mill and Cotton Gin—all in good order.

For tarming purposes this land is as good as are in this control of the chalter by the shelfer by nouses on the premises. Also, a Grist and Saw Mill and Cotton Gin—all in good order.

For tarming purposes this land is as good as any in this section of country. If any one desires to embark in the Turpentine, Timber or Lumber business, the land affords all meessagery facilities for so doing.

Terms made accommodating. JOHN McNEILL. FAIR WARNING IN TIME.

beg leave to state that they have now of such selected stock of SHOES, BOOTS, HATS, CAPS, BLANKETS, KERSEYS, CALICOES, SHIRTINGS, etc.

And will always keep on hand a good and fresh assortment of SUGAR, COFFEE, PORK, CANDY, FISH, HERRING, MOLASSES, SALT, FLOUR, SNUFF, CRACKERS, BUTTER, STARCH, CANDLES, SOAP, BACON,

And a great many articles too numerous to mention. They And a great many articles too numerous to mention. They

of custom.

Please call and examine our stock of fine and well assorted goods before purchasing elsewhere.

Particular attention paid to the sale of SHINGLES, TURPENTINE, TIMBER, and all other country produce.

JOHN F. HERRING,
Oct. 11—31-4t---6-8t] CHARLES C. LEWIS.

carry on all kinds of Wheelwright work
They intend to be prompt and faithful in their business.
Charges reasonable.

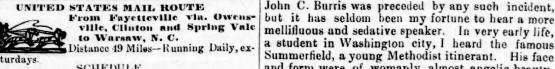
EDWARD WALLING.
A. S LEWIS.

All persons indebted to me previous to the present NOTICE.

WILL BE PAID BY THE SUBSCRIBER FOR the delivery to him, or confinement in Sampson Jail, of the runaway Slave DICK, belonging to Joseph W. Stevens. He has a wife at John Wright's; is about the ordinary size, 30 or 35 years of age, and dark complexion.

P. MURPHY

which are supposed to announce future eminence, accompanied his birth. A pair of nightingales made their nest on the window of the chamber of his mother, and with their delicious notes sang the birth of him whose tongue sweetly proclaimed the glad tidings which gave songs in the night." Taylor's Bridge, N. C., Oct. 19-7-4t



N. FREDERICK, CONTACTOR.

JNO. B. SOUTHERLAND, Sup't at Warsaw.
ISAAC BOYKIN, Sup't at Clinton.
J. H. ROBERTS & CO., Sup'ts at Fayetteville.
aw, N. C., Aug. 16th.

268-3m-46-3m.

Heavy Twilled NEGRO CLOTHS at 12½ & yd., Georgia Kerseys and Plains, Sheep's Grey Satinetts, Super Scotch Tweeds, and all the different styles of NEGRO GOODS usually sold in this market: together with 7000 yards of Richmond and Mecklenburg NEGRO CLOTHS, manufactured expressly for us, and which we guarantee the best goods sold in Wilmington.

2000 Negro Blankets, at prices varying from 60c to \$1.

100 pairs of Bath, Whitney, and Mackinaw Bed Blankets. Brown and Striped Cotton. Oznaburg's 100 yards Red Flannels, at 25c per yard, worth 33c.

All Wool Red Flannels, at 25c per yard, worth 33c.

All Wool Red Flannels, at 25c per yard, worth 33c.

All Wool Red Flannels, very cheap.

Kentucky Jeans, 15c to 40c per yard.

100 pieces North Carolina Cassimeres at Factory prices.

100 pieces North Carolina Cassimeres at Factory prices.
BLEACHED COTTONS: and I Bleached Shirtings, at 64c. Yard wide "10@12½c. 8, 10, and 12-4 Bleached and Brown Shirtings.

BROAD-CLOTHS:

BROAD-CLOTHS:

Black, Brown, Green, Olive, Amilie, Blue, and Claret Cloths of the most superior qualities, at very low prices.

Also, American, French, and English Cassimeres, and Superior Silk, Satin and Velvet Vestings, which we have manufactured in the very best style, at short notice. 3 100 pieces Irish Linens, assorted. Damask Table Diapers, Bleached and Brown Table Cloths, all sizes; Russia, Scotch, and Huckabuck Towellings; Apron and Furniture Checks, Bed Ticking, Marlboro' Plaids, &c.; in short, every article

Railroad will pass through the land or near it.

Further information can be obtained by applying to the subscriber on the premises, or by addressing him at Gilopolis

Way, reached at hightfall the house of a rich planter, who took him in, fed, lodged, and sent him on his way with his blessing. These kind attentions cheered his heart, and inspired him with fresh courage to battle with the obstacles of life. Years rolled round;

TERMS OF ADVERTISING. Per Square of 10 lines or less-cash in advance. do 6 do do do 5 09
do 12 do do do 8 00

Advertisements ordered to be continued on the inside harged 375 cents per square for each insertion after the first Advertisements, upon which the number of insertiors is not marked, will be continued until ordered out, and charged 25 cents per square for each insertion.

can, under any circumstances, be admitted.

From the Evening Post.

The Song of the Baccante.

Bacchus and I were intimate friends;
When earth was damasked with blooms of youth,
Together we roamed to its utmost ends,

Singing
Bacchus! sweet Bacchus!
Let all who hear us follow!
Bacchus! Io Bacchus!
Echo hill—echo hollow!

Drinking splendidly—talking truth, We drank by the shores of the Persian Seas;

We reeled over sun-lighted Indian slopes, And under the shadows of gum-dropping trees We pictured a Future of golden hopes,

Like a rose faint-flushed was his skin so fair,

And round as a rose-bud his perfect shape, And there lay a light in his tawny hair, Like sun in the heart of a bursting grape, I loved him madly—he loved me too;

Together we drank of his wondrons wine; ut better, far better, the purple dew

Couched on a tressel of sweet-smelling pines, All the day long on my back I'd lie

Under a heaven of pendulous vines.

Bacchus leaned lovingly over, and bruised
Bunch after bunch till the grape-blood fell—

Thus we trooped into god-loving Greece,

Swinging our magical goblet of Peace, Shaped in the heart of the Lydian hills. Our altars smoked on a thousand isles,

Our days were golden for evermore!

Our praise was hymned on the Tuscan shore,

Instances of Pulpit Eloquence.

preacher of England, it is said " one of those omens,

which are supposed to announce future eminence,

In the life of John Flavel, a renowned dissenting

And lapped in welcome, and sunned in smiles,

Dancing down by Achaian ril

for some inscrutable purpose.

aloud, Mercy! O Lord, Mercy!

States for Food.

BILLAULT.

Minister Sec'y of State for the Interior.

way, reached at nightfall the house of a rich planter,

the following important report to the Emperor:

Blood that as through his fingers it oozed, Changed into wine through some mystical spell.

Singing Bacchus! great Bacchus!

Bid us no more to follow. Bacchus! lo Bacchus!

Slumber hill-slumber hollow!

Singing
Baechus! god Bacchus!
The eager nations follow!
Baechus! lo Bacchus!
Thunder hill—thunder hollow!
FITZ-JAMES O'BRIEN.

I drank from no moldy flask, not I!

When kissed from his lips as they clung to mine

Singing Bacchus! dear Bacchus!

Sweet night to-day doth follow!
Bacchus! Io Bacchus!
Whisper hill—whisper hollow!

From the Richmond Enquirer.

Boston, Sept. 19, 1855.

mirable reply to the invitation of the Boston Anti-Slavery Committee to deliver a lecture in Boston on the subject of slavery. Mr. Wise has taken exactly the right position-one that should be followed out by every Southern man, similarly called upon: [CORRESPONDENCE.]

Hon. HENRY A. WISE :- Dear Sir :- A series of lectures upon the subject of Slavery was initiated winter, as you have learned from the papers of the day. The audiences were large and intelligent, and the card enclosed will indicate to you the character of the lectures. tlemen from the South will be invited to favor us

connection with others, presenting during the course, every shade of opinion on the question. The respectful attention accorded to Gen. Houston last winter, gives assurance that arguments and opinions from that quarter will be candidly heard and duly appreciated. You are hereby respectfully invited to deliver one

mont Temple, in this city, on Thursday evening, January 10, 1856, or if that time will not suit your engagements, please mention at once what Thursday evening, between the middle of December and the middle of March next will best accommodate you. The amount paid to the lecturer will be \$150, he

your earliest convenience thereafter, transmit the particular phase of the subject that you will present. Your obedient servants,

(Signed,)
SAM'L G. HOWE, Phys. & Supt. Blind Institution.
JOHN M. CLARK, High Sheriff.
SAM'L MAY, Merchant.
PHILO SANFORD, Ex-Treasurer State.
NATH'L B. SHURTLEFF, Pys. & Antiquarian.
JOSEPH STORY, Pres't Com. Council.
THOS. RUSSELL, Judge. Address Dr. STONE.

Accomac County, Va., Oct. 5, 1855. Gentlemen :- On my return home, after an absence some days, I found yours of the 19th ult., "respectfully inviting me to deliver one of the lectures of the course on Slavery, at Tremont Temple, in the city of Boston, on Thursday evening January 10th, 1856; or, if that time will not suit my engagements, you request that I will mention at once what Thursday evening, between the middle of December and the middle of March next, will best ac-

EAVING Fayetteville daily (except Saturdays) at 2 A divine lustre beamed from his eyes. His clear, o'clock, P. M. Arrive at Warsaw next morning at 1 o'clock, A. M., in time to connect with the cars going North bell one moment, and anon, came crashing, thun-Returning, leave Warsaw daily (except Saturdays) after dering down with terrible effect on the startling "initiated" lectures upon? I cannot conceal it from the startling and clowd together. The selection is the startling and clowd together.

> lations by a solemn compact between the States, and It is related of Bosseut that, when he pronounced by States which are sovereign? I will not obey your the funeral sermon of the Princess Henrietta, and summons nor recognize your jurisdictions. You have described her dying agonies, the whole audience no authority and no justification for thus calling me arose from their seats with terror in every counte- to account at the bar of your tribunal, and for thus arraigning an institution established by laws which When Massilon ascended the pulpit, on the death do not reach you and which you cannot reach, by

> er, Jas. W. Stone. With It is endorsed: " Lectures at the Tremont Temple, Boston, 1854-5. November 23, Hon. Charles Sumner, Rev. John When Dr. Hussey preached at Waterford, on the "Pierpont, poem. December 7, Hon. Salmon P. " Chase of Ohio. December 14, Hon. Anson Burarch of Heaven were to open, and the Son of Man "lingame. December 21, Wendell Phillips, Esq. should appear to judge his hearers, it were "quite "December 28, Cassius M. Clay, Esq., of Kentucky. certain that three—that two—nay, trembling for my-"Henry Ward Beecher. January 18, Hon. John P. "Hale. January 25 Ralph Waldo Emmerson, Esq. saved?" During the whole of this apostrophe, the "February 8, Hon. Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr. Februaudience was agonized. At the ultimate interroga-" ary 15, Hon. Lewis D. Campbell of Ohio. Februation, there was a general shriek, and some fell to the "22, Hon. Samuel Houston, of Texas. March 1, Hon. David Wilmot, of Pennsylvania. March 8, M. Brioaine, a French missionary, and the peer of "Hon. Charles W. Upham." All Honorables and the most renowned orators of that eloquent nation, Squires, except those who are Reverends! The card preached a sermon at Bagnole. At the end of it he does verily indicate their characters by simply namlifted up his arms and thrice cried in a loud voice, ing them. And your letter, gentlemen, is franked O Eternity! At the third repetition of this awful by "C. Sumner, U. S. S." With these characteriscry, the whole party fell on their knees During tics, I am at no loss to understand you and your pur-

more favored countries can easily supply to it, as- You offer "one hundred and fifty dollars to be paid sure to our people the requisite amount of sustenance to the lecturer, he bearing his own expenses." Let for the consumption of the year. Commerce, thanks me tell you that Tremont lemple cannot hold wealth Extra Long and Square Bay State, Merino Broche and Blanket Shawls, Gentlemens' Travelling Shawls.

CALICOES, &c.:

Diagram Long and Square Bay State, Merino Broche and to the security, encouragement and facilities given to it by your government, will know how to supply there, whether more here shall be made to the security encouragement and facilities given to it by your government, will know how to supply there, whether more here shall be made to the security encouragement and facilities given to it by your government, will know how to supply there. food for the markets, and there will be no want of I am ready to volunteer, without money and without 500 pieces American and English Calicoes; 200 do. Mouslin deLaines, at 20 and 25 cents, a great bargain; Handlin deLaines, at 20 and 25 cents, a great bargain; Handler delaines, Hosiery, Umbrellas, Gloves, Bonnet and Cap Ribbons, Gentlemens and Ladies Under Garments, Shirts, Crabons, Gentlemens and Ladies Under Garments, Gentlemens and Cap Ribbands, Gentlemens and Cap Ribbands, Gentlemens and Cap Ribbands, Gentlemens and Garments, G lief throughout the land. By your orders I submit and constitutions of my country, or the sacred Union,

working classes will once more bless the incessant Temple, in Boston, on Thursday evening. January For the benefit of CASH buyers, we allow a declars in FIVE PER CENT. on all bills exceeding twenty dollars in ferings and their wants. I am, with the most profound respect, Sire, your very humble and very obedient servant and faithful subject, March next, or between that and doomsday, which will best accommodate me, for that purpose. I give you an immediate answer, and, at my earliest convenience, indicate to you that "the particular

NATH'L. B. SHURTLEFF, Phys. and Antiquarian. JOSEPH STORY, Pres't. Com. Council.

ed his heart, and inspired him with fresh courage to battle with the obstacles of life. Years rolled round; Providence led him on, and he had reached the legal ism; but here is new evidence of their faisehood: profession; his host had died; the cormorants that At the great know nothing convention which nomiprey on the substance of man, had formed a conspi-racy to get from the widow her estates. She sent "Mr. President—I am very glad I tread in such

No advertisement, reflecting upon private charreter

We ask attention to Mr. Wise's pungent and ad-

and very successfully conducted here during the past During the next season, a larger number of genwith the views prevalent in their vicinity, thus, in

of the lectures of the course on Slavery, at the Tre-

bearing his own expenses. Please favor with an immediate answer, and at

> [COPY.] ONLY, NEAR ONANCOCK.

I cannot assert that the oratorical distinction of John C. Burris was preceded by any such incident, Summerfield, a young Methodist itinerant. His face commodate me." and form were of womanly, almost angelic beauty.

presenting in front a two story VERANDAH, 100 feet in length by 12 feet in width, handsomely shaded by trees in the side walk, affording a pleasant promenade at all hours of the day.

The house is thoroughly furnished throughout, and in The house is thoroughly furnished throughout, and in All passengers going North from Fayetteville, will arrive at their "pride of place."

The sensation he produced was though 10 feet in length by 12 feet in width, handsomely shaded by trees in and Fayetteville 7 A. M. Which gives passengers going to shook sin long avalanche. His eloquence shook sin long avalanche. H was tremendous. Multitudes followed his footsteps. ted States; or whether it shall be destroyed by a As a field preacher he towered alongside of Whit- higher law than constitutions and statutes! field; but he soon went down to the grave, con- Who are you, to assume thus such a jurisdiction sumed by his own fire, and colled to a higher sphere over a subject so delicate and already fixed in its re-

> of Louis XIV., he contemplated for a moment the calling on me to defend it. impressive spectacle-the chapel draped in black- You send me a card, to indicate the character of

> > "Parker, W. Washburn, B. B. Mussey, W. B. Spoon-

three days, consternation pervaded the town. In the poses. public places, young and old were teard crying You say, "during the next season, a large number of gentlemen from the South will be invited," &c., The Harvest in France-Reliance on the United &c. I regret it, if any others can be found in the The Paris Moniteur, of September 22d, publishes he following important report to the Emperor:

States for Food.

States for Recept Job.

It is the last I would follow. I have no doubt that you accorded worse. Sire—The produce of the last harvest and the very respectful attention to him last winter, and were large addition which the United States and other very grateful for his services in your cause.

sary, this fund of provident benevolence, and the lectures of the course on slavery, at the Tremont

The Moniteur adds the decree of the Emperor phase of the subject" that I will present is, deliberately: TO FIGHT IF WE MUST.

THOS. RUSSELL, Judge. JAS. W. STONE, Phys.

The Hard Shells, of New York are certainly

acts, we can make neither head nor tail of them.

after his abuse of the President, actually figured in something equivalent to signing. the K. N. Free-soil State gathering at Binghampton. New York. He belonged to the so-called " Native American" party of Philadelphia in 1844, which used to talk quite largely of our " native colored citizens," North or South, -of the duty of giving them contemptible foreigners.

Well may we, in view of these and similar facts which meet the practical observer on every hand, of new lights or large pretensions-be desirous of den-trust in the men who have been tried.

It is proper to remark that the present " Hard organ-the "New York Daily News"-is far supe- to the following articles: rior in tone and spirit to C. C. Burn's paper, but in as the great disappointed James Gordon Bennett.

shall, though for what good cause no man can tell, except that they are very old and have done no service for a great many years except in the way of the Japanese have them. The time for opening the jobbing and other money-making transactions. The first named port is immediately on signing this treaty; three new Marshals are, Lord Hardinge, the present commander-in-chief, Lord Combermore, (the General Cotton of the Peninsula,) and Lord Strafford, formerly known as General Byng." General Simpson has for which shall be made in gold and silver coin.] been advanced from Lieutenant to the rank of full General and made a K. C. B. These promoted and honored persons have actually done nothing at all, but then they are Englishmen and connected with

There are Generals in the British service whose names have never been coupled but with valor and victory. Old Lord Gough, a man the best fitted to nation are not to be refunded. command an army of any man in the British domin-DeLacey Evans, Sir Colin Campbell, both splendid countries, and not subject to confinement, but shall men; Sir Wm. Napier, General Eyre and General Pennefather, all of these men are far superior to the United States temporarily living at Simoda and Hakpromoted. They are men of genius, of talent, and of odade shall not be subject to such restrictions and service, as well as men of noble character, yet they confinement as the Dutch and Chinese are at Nagasare coolly passed over without reward or recognition, while the imbecile favorites of aristocracy are promoted and honored. Lord Gough, General Penne- | marked on the accompanying chart hereto appended; father and General Eyre are Irish. Sir Colin Camp. and shall, in like manner, be free to go where they bell, Sir De Lacey Evans and Sir Wm. Napier are Scotch. General Simpson has the great merit of being an Englishman, as are also the other promo- any business which shall require to be arranged, tions, as well as the possessors of aristocratic con-

Even the English people themselves are getting very tired of the system that squanders alike their monies and their reputation. They don't see why for other articles of goods, under such regulations as notorious incapables like Simpson should have pre- shall be temporarily established by the Japanese govcedence and promotion, and men of real character ernment for that purpose. It is stipulated, however, like Evans or Campbell be passed over and ill-treated. No wonder that the British armies cannot be re- willing to exchange. cruited. The only wonder is that a single soul could ever have been induced to enter their service.

THE REDAN AND MALAKOFF.-It seems that the plan of defence at Sebastopol was at the Malakoff, and this deviation, made for the purpose of additional strength, proved the real source of weakness, and defeat. Their defences were a system of redans connected by a loopholed wall or embankment. A redan is a work open in the rear, so that if forced in mitted to resort to no other ports in Japan but Simoda front it can be commanded by the cannon of other and Hakodade, unless in distress or forced by stress works placed farther back. They feared that the of weather. Malakoff might be turned, and it was therefore closed ment of the United States consuls or agents to reside all around. The French once in the Malakoff, could in Simoda, at any time after the expiration of eighteen sustain themselves, because defended by the embank. months from the date of the signing of this treaty, provided that either of the two Governments deem ments of the works, while the English in the Great Redan, and the French in the Little Redan were mowed down by the fire of the rear line of Russian cluded and duly signed, shall be obligatory and faithcannon. None of the Redans when taken could be fully observed by the United States of America and held. Had the Malakoff been a Redan work, it is Japan, and by the citizens and subjects of each resmore than probable that the French would have been pective Power; and it is to be ratified and approved driven out by the Russian fire, as they and the Eng- the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and by lish were from the other Redans. However, it is al- the august sovereign of Japan, and the ratification most impossible that, even if the attacks had been re- shall be exchanged within eighteen months from the pulsed, the Russians could have maintained themselves in the face of the terrible fire from the allied tiaries of the United States of America and the Emcannons and mortars. Prince Gortschakoff in his pire of Japan aforesaid, have signed and sealed these general orders admits a loss of five hundred to a presents. thousand per day, during the last thirty days of the in the year of our Lord Jesus Christ one thousand cannonade. What it must have been during the last eight hundred and fifty-four, and of Kayei, the sevtwo days preceding the attack, when the fire was enth year third month and third day.

M. C. PERRY.

Candidate for Canal Commissioner in Pennsylvania, paper, of fair size, and with more than an average is 11,436. The anti-Democratic majority in that amount of reading matter. It is edited by Robert A. numbers,) same. State last year was between thirty-seven and thirty- Ezell, Esqr., already favourably known by his able eight thousand. Change in twelve months about management of the weekly paper, and will advocate forty-nine thousand.

Reporter of the Petersburg Express says. It is whis- deserves. pered in other quarters that the feeling among the not in good spirits.

Japan and the Japan Treaty. Everybody glances over treaties made with foreign

and meaning. The treaty made with Japan is an inqueer people. They have adopted a platform en-stance in point. We don't believe that one man in the exhibition of articles was smaller, and the imqueer people. They have adopted a product of the polidorsing every point and every particular of the polififty thousand, if asked about it, could tell upon the provement in quality not sufficient to compensate for dorsing every point and every parties and yet they bitterly spur of the moment, what its stipulations really are, the decline in quantity. In some departments, we denounce General Pierce. They are furious Nebraska although all the world has talked magniloquently of are pleased to learn that there was an improvement; men, they say; and yet knowing that for its favor the achievement of Commodore Perry in opening up nevertheless, the general tone of all the visitors with to the Nebraska Bill, the Administration is denounced the Hermetic Empire to the trade of the model Reby Free-Soilism at the North, they also join in the public. A recent event has drawn attention more favorable. The exhibition was not what it ought to denunciation. They are, upon their own showing, directly to the matter. Messrs. Reed and Dougherty, have been. The people of our State did not come ultra friends of the South, and yet signalize their American merchants of San Francisco have endea- up properly to the work. There ought to be more friendship by applying opprobrious epithets to those vored to establish a mercantile house at Simoda, and interest felt and manifested, not merely to attend as who have been sacrificed at home for their adherence failed. These gentlemen fitted out a schooner, and, spectators, but to figure as exhibitors. to the constitutional rights of the States, tortured by it is said, loaded her with ship stores, and made arabolition fanaticism into favoriteism for, or subservi- rangments to purchase a cargo of Japanese goods to ard furnishes us with a list of Fancy articles such as carry to the United States. At Simoda, some ship- Crotchet Work, Embroidery, Patch Work Quilts, etc., What private wrongs these gentlemen may have wrecked Russians, from a wrecked man-of-war, we by the Ladies : Fruits, etc., by Ladies and Gentlewe know not-private griefs they certainly have, or believe, engaged the schooner to carry them to the men, and some specimens of Textile Fabrics. Among think they have, for the non-obtainment of office is Russian ports in Asia, Petropolowski, or the Amour the premiums we find one 1st premium for Crotchet, pretty much the burthen of their song of opposition. River. The schooner sailed. Messrs. Reed & Dough- D'Oyle, Miss Sherwood, Wilmington; best Wax They seem to occupy a position somewhat similar to erty remained. The Japanese authorities did not like Flowers, Miss Nicholls, Goldsboro; Sett Architectur-

that assumed by some of the earlier Christian con- it. They concluded that the treaty did not contem- al Drawings, Mr. Harbaugh, Wilmington; Map of N. verts from the Jewish people. They are much scan- plate any permanent residence at any port in Japan. C., Wm. D. Cooke, Raleigh, diploma; Patch Work dalized that any of the "outsiders," any of the gen- When the schooner returned, the merchants had to Chair, Mrs. Wm. Hill, Halifax, first premium. A tiles, so to speak, should be allowed to come into the leave in her forthwith. They applied to Commodore Medicine Chest and Medicines, exhibited by Dr. party and be recognized otherwise than as hewers of Rogers, commending U. S. Naval forces in the Chi- Bradley of Wilmington, received a diploma. Miss A. wood and drawers of water to their more favored nese seas. He corresponded with the authorities- Dupre, Wilmington, exhibited some finely executed brethren the "Hards" of the original pannel .- the authorities said that they were carrying out the embroidery. Indged by their platform of principles they (the provisions of the treaty according to their orders and The premiums for thorough-bred horses were taken hards) are good national Democrats-the only per- the understanding of their government. Commo- by Gen. Hawkins, of Warren, P. C. Cameron, of Orfeetly straight party in New York. Judged by their dore Rogers declined farther inteference upon the ange, and Mr. Pitts, of Tarboro'. For Quick Draught C. C. Burr-" Rev." C. C. Burr edited the "National of treaties, was beyond his instructions. We annex bury: 2d. T. M. Parker, Halifax; do. S. O. Bryant. Democrat," the "Hard" organ in New York, for the treaty. It will be manifest that the main diffi- Matched Carriage Horses, Wm. H. Holderness, Cassome time, and abused the Administration so brutally culty in this case, consists in the interpretation to be well. 1st premium. A. Scott, Jacob Sorrell, S. T. and so recklessly, that his own party could not stand placed upon the 5th Article. The treaty, strangely Cuhterbertson, 1st premiums for Harness Horses and him. According to this veracious editor, President enough, was only signed by M. C. Perry, U. S. Com- Colts. Pierce was all of an abolitionist and quite ready to missioner. The gentlemen with the awful names. become a Know Nothing. This very C. C. Burr would not append their signatures after "Our Lord Hayes, 2nd premium for second best Stallion, over had always been a Know Nothing and abolitionist Jesus Christ," in the last paragraph—hatred to Christ four years old. Starling Parrish, 1st premium for himself in principle; and, within a few brief months tianity being an institution of the Empire. They did best Brood Mare over four years. Jacks and Jen-

THE TREATY WITH JAPAN.

The United States of America and the Empire of Japan, desiring to establish firm, lasting and sincere carried that city once and burned certain churches— friendship between the two nations, have resolved to fix, in a manner clear and positive, by means of a treaty of general convention of peace and amity, the rules which shall in future be mutually observed in their full rights as such in spite of Southerners or the intercourse of their respective countries, for which most desirable object the President of the United States has conferred full powers on his commissioner Matthew Galbraith Ferry, special Ambassador of the United States to Japan; and the august Sovereign turn from man's professions to their acts-be jealous of Japan has given similar full powers to his commissioners, Hayashi, Dai-gaku-no-kami, Ido, prince over three years to Dr. Mason of Raleigh; for the walking in the good old paths which have been trod- of Tsus-Sima, Izawa, prince of Mima-saki, and Udono, member of the board of revenue. And the said commissioners, after having exchanged their said full

ART. 1. There shall be a perfect, permanent, and one particular of its course it shows as rapid a spirit universal peace and a sincere and cordial amity between the United States of America on the one part and the Empire of Japan on the other part, and be-Apart from this, the "News" is a good and an able tween their people respectively, without exception Hayes; for best Fat Ox to Dr. E. A. Crudup; for of yellow fever. We don't like yellow fever on his acof persons or places.

ART. 2. The port of Simoda, in the principality BRITISH FAVORITEISM .- Three English Generals of Idzu, and the port of Hakodade, in the principalother articles their necessities may require, as far as A tariff of prices shall be given by the Japanese officers of the things which they can furnish, payment

ART. 3. Whenever ships of the United States are thrown or wrecked on the coast of Japan, the Japanese vessels will assist them and carry their crews to Simoda or Hakodade, and hand them over to their countrymen appointed to receive them; whatever articles the shipwrecked men may have preserved shall the rescue and support of Americans and Japanese who may thus be thrown upon the shores of either

ART. 4. Those shipwrecked persons and other citbe amenable to just laws.

ART. 5. Shipwrecked men and other citizens of the ika, but shall be free at Simoda to go where they please within the limits of seven Japanese miles (or ri) from a small island in the harbor of Simoda please at Hakodade, within the limits to be defined after the visit of the United squadron to that place. ART. 6. If there be any sort of goods wanted, or

there shall be careful deliberation between the parties in order to settle such matters.

ART. 7. It is agreed that ships of the United States resorting to ports open to them shall be permitted to exchange gold and silver coin and articles of goods that the ships of the United States shall not be permitted to carry away whatever articles they are un-

ART. 8. Wood, water, provisions, coal and goods required shall only be procured through the agency of Japanese officers appointed for that purpose, and in no other manner.

ART. 9. It is agreed that if at any future day the clair & Co.; best Pegged do., to same. Best and only deviation made by the Russians from their usual Government of Japan shall grant to any other nation or nations privileges and advantages which are not herein granted to the United States and the citizens thereof, these same privileges and advantages shall be granted likewise to the United States and to the citizens thereof without any consultation or delay. ART. 10. Ships of the United States shall be per-

ART. 11. There shall be appinted by the Govern-

such arrangement necessary. ART. 12. The present convention, having been conby the President of the United States, by and with date of the signature thereof, or sooner if practicable. In faith whereof we, the respective Plenipoten-

The first number of "The Semi-Weekly War-The majority for Arnold Plumer, Democratic renton News" is at hand. It is a neat and spirited the same principles of Democratic policy so well sus-We understand that the K. N. State Council tained in that issue. We trust that the publishers had a meeting last week in Raleigh, at least so the may meet with all the encouragement their enterprise Fancy Articles, a number of which we named in the dances of the day.

brethern there present was despondent. "Sam" was probable suspension of specie payments by the Bank comparatively rude efforts of the rougher sex. of France.

countries, but very few read them carefully and still in the city of Raleigh on Tuesday last, and closed on sented; and, indeed, the Fair could hardly be looked fewer study them with a proper regard to their effect Friday last. The attendance was very good, larger upon as a fair embodiment of State progress in anythan on former occasions; yet, we regret to say, that thing. It had little or nothing of a State character whom we have conversed upon the subject, was un-Beginning with Floral Hall, the report in the Stand-

ground that the delicate matter of the interpretation and Saddle Horses, 1st premium, S. O. Bryant, Rox-

Heavy Draught Horses; but two premiums. Jno. & Co.; best and largest Jack raised in the State, 1st premium, Gen. M. T. Hawkins; best and largest Jennett raised in the State, 1st premium, S. W. Cotton-The show of stock in all these departments was not great.

In the matter of Blooded Cattle the showing was also meagre, but included some fine specimens. The 1st premium for Devon Bull over three years old was taken by S. Smith, Raleigh; for two Bulls and a paratively worthless. Heifer, under this age, 1st premiums were awarded to Wm. Russell of Caswell; for the best Devon Cow hands after their next municipal elections. two years. The premium for best native Bull was be a two weeks' Court. awarded to M. S. Henly; for best grade or half-blood THE YELLOW FEVER. -The editor of the Norfolk Milch Cow, giving not less than 20 quarts, 1st premi- count of it-don't fancy the sensation at all: um to Seth Jones; for do., giving not less than 16 have recently been raised to the rank of Field Mar- ty of Matsmai, are granted by the Japanese as ports quarts, 2nd premium to John Hayes. Dr. Holt got a for the reception of American ships, where they can first premium for four South Down and Leicester be supplied with wood, water, provisions, coal, and Bucks-the only premium for Sheep. In Hogs the We hope somebody understands this. showing was small and not very fine. 1st premium, for Breeding Sow over two years, to W. T. Hopkins; the last named port is to be opened immediately after 2nd premium, for small breed Boar and Sow, to J. C. the same day in the ensuing Japanese year. [Note. Partridge, Raleigh. There were no Hogs from a distance. The same was the case in regard to Poultry. The exhibitors were all citizens of Raleigh.

> In Cabinet Work, premium for Bedstead to Parker Rand; for spring seat Lounge, Watson & Booth.

For Dress and Plantation Hats, premiums to Messrs. Gee of Fayetteville; Wool Hats, W. D. Andrews; Straw or Grass Hats, Miss Nancy Newton; likewise be restored; and the expenses incurred in for Boots and Shoes, premiums to Henry Porter; Bonnett and Bandbox made of hair, to S. Hardy.

Mechanics Tools made in the State, Stafford, Clark & Dixon; Manufactured Tobacco, Y. & E. P. Jones; ions since the death of the Duke of Wellington; Sir izens of the United States shall be free as in other Cigars, Lash & Brothers of Forsythe; Tallow Candles, Mrs. John C. Partridge, Raleigh. Premiums were awarded to T. S. Haskins for

> Bread Corn; best variety of Stock, best variety of typhe. Wheat and best variety of Field Peas to W. D. Jones best variety of Oats, W. H. Robards; best variety Rye, Dr. E. A. Crudup; best variety Sweet Potatoes, Crawford Taylor; best variety Irish do., P. R. Hines; best variety Grass Seed, John Stafford. For best Jar of Fresh Butter to W. B. Williams. For best variety of Dried Fruits to S. W. Westbrooks; best Domestic Wine, D. W. Lewis. For best specimen Wheat Flour, Alexander Dickson; 2nd best, N. Price. Best Corn Meal, W. T. Collins; best stalks Egg Plants, T. E. Pender; best Pumpkins, M. Lambert; best Beets, K. M. C. Williamson; best Turnips, J. Kirkpatrick. In Agricultural Implements, premium for best Side Hill Plough, W. B. Church ; Double Mould Board do .. Borum & McLean; Cast Mould Board Plough, 1 horse, W. B. Williams; 2 horse do., J. H. Gooch; best Wrought Mould Board, 1 horse plough, R. Sinclair & Co.. 2 horse do., A. Dixon; Wrought Subsoil Plough, W. B. Williams; Wrought Colton Scraper Plough, W. B. Williams; best Toothed Harrow, W. B. Williams; best Smootle Iron Roller, R. Sin-Greatest Variety Manufactured in this State, W. B.

In Farm vehicles, etc., premiums were given to J. L. Woods, for 2 horse Road Wagon; Wheel-barrow, Cobb, Hilton, & Co.; Wagon or Plough Hames, J. L. Wood; Best 2 horse Pleasure Carriage, Dibble & Bros.; Best Top Buggy, Nelson & Doughty; Best

open Buggy, same; Wheel hubs, Cobb, Hilton & Co. In the class of Machinery, premiums were awarded to J. H. Gooch for Sweep Horse Power; to Robbins and Bibb, for Corn and Cob Crusher; to Stafford, Clark & Dixon, for Threshing Machine; to C. Burnett, for Broadcasting and Drilling Machine; to J. S. Carlisle for Cotton Gin, and to R. Sinclair & Co. for Hay Press; all horse power machines. To C. Burnett, for Fanning Mill; R. Sinclair & Co., Corn Sheller; Stafford, Clark & Dixon, Straw and Shuck Cutter; J. A. McMannin, Smut Machine; all hand

In saddlery, etc., premium to Houston & Overby, Sett Carriage Harness; to C. N. D. Hutchins, Ladies Saddle, Bridle and Martingals; John Sawyer & fornia. Co., 4 horse wagon Harness.

Best lot of Rifles, A. C. Ledbetter; best improved American Rifle, W. W. Clark; best Harness Leather, Jacob Ramsour & Co.; best side of do. W. F. Hub-Brandy Stills, Jacob Waltering of Kaleigh.

& Greer of Rock Island Mills, Mecklenberg County;

THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE FAIR .- The 3d Appni- the premiums were given to the only exhibitor. al Fair of the State Agricultural Society commenced This section of the State was comparatively unreprein the variety or abundance of the articles on exhibition. It might as well have been a County Fair. All this is wrong. Farmers, mechanics and manufacturers ought to bestir themselves. The results at first may not be large, but eventually the thing will tell, if duly fostered.

We had almost forgotten to state that J. S. Ives Grey is fast and don't break up. His competitor, a sorrel, was quite as fast, but not so well broke.

The Wilmington Journal now-a-days compliments the Hon. Edward Stanly. We remember the time when it coupled him and Fred Douglas together. The reason for this change is the fact that Mr. Stanly opposes the American party, and to that extent does service for the Democracy. The sincerity of this world is truly refreshing.—Wilmington

Now, in the first place, the Journal has not said or thought that Mr. Stanly does oppose the "American party," and in the second place the Journal is not complimenting Mr. Stanly, or the reverse. Here is what the Journal has said, precisely the reverse both in fact and in expression to what the Herald imputes to it :--

"By the way, it seems that Mr. Stanly, formerly of this State went for instead of against the K. N.'s as had been at first reported. He was not elected. We had hoped better things of Mr. S., but it would appear that his bitter opposition to democracy carried all before it."---Daily Journal

We cannot understand what pleasure the Herald can find in attributing to the Journal a course the Journal things which do not exist, but the contrary.

If we are mistaken and Mr. Stanly does go against that he had done so; the second, that he had not. The Free-Soilers in Kanzas held an election on the 9th inst., and chose Reeder Territorial delegate to Congress. Of course, the only votes cast were for

NEW Post-Offices .- A new Post-Office has been established in Beaufort county, N. C., by the name netts; best imported Jack, 1st premium, A. Walker of Fork Swamp,-William W. Walters, Postmaster. Also a new office in Columbus county, N. C., by the name of Green Swamp,-James Freshwater, P. M.

Chicago is in a sorry financial condition; its treasury is entirely empty, and those in the employ of the city go begging for the wages due them—a state of things which the Chicago Times attributes to Know-Nothingism. It says: "The great commercial metropolis of the north-west—the city of Abolitionism and Know-Nothings—the greatest grain emporium in the world—is without a dollar to pay its honest debts! Its funds are gone—its orders are refused by the banks, and depreciated with individuals—its credit is comparatively worthless.

Ditto Philadelphia. Both cities will be in different 33-The Superior Court of Law for New Hanover

best Devon Calf to Dr. Mason. Dr. Holt, of David- County, Fall Term, commences its sessions here to- zen. It is not the triumph of a party, but the trison, received premiums for a Devon Heifer and Bull day, His Honor Judge Ellis presiding. We do not umph of reason and justice over fanaticism and prepowers and duly considered the premises, have agreed | Calf. Major Gwynn for a two year old Devon, and | know of any criminal cases of peculiar importance E. Hall for a Heifer, also Devon, between one and likely to come before the Court. As usual there will

> Cow, to Seth Jones; for Working Oxen to John Argus, who has tried it, gives the following definition Correct Definition of Yellow Fever.

disease. We opine that the writer above quoted in faith." tended to describe the disease by its symptomatic tented himself with less than an arm's length of sesquipedalian. We should define yellow fever without imit, (and with a sprinkling of Saxon) thus:

Algoro-cephalalgo-lumbago-pyrexia-send-tor-themustard-to-your-stomach(o) -- camphine-to-your-back ing. But time brings changes to parties as well as (o)leeches-to-your-occiput(o) -- oil-to-your-guts(o)-); -- roll-over(oh!) -- roll-back-again(o)--- kick-offthe-blanket(o)—"massa-don't-cuss-s(o)"—vomit(oh!) --turn-yell(ow)--say-your-prayers(o)--make-yourwill(o)-get-a-little-better(o)-tear-it-up(o)-mintjulep(ah!)--put-on-yo'r-clothes(o)--throw-physic-tothe-dogs(o)-take-care-of-yourself-old-fell(ow)--elseyou'll-get-a-relapse(o)---of-that-gastro-enterito-hepa-

That's Yellow Fever.

Bishop Atkinson's Appointments.	
Wilson Oct. 29th, evening.	1
Greenvile October 31st.	1:
Trinity Chapel, BeaufortNovember 2nd.	1
Washington	1
	1
St. John's Church, Pitt co November 7th.	1
THE NEW COLLINS STEAMER.—The New York	1
Journal of Commerce says that the most noticeable	1
object in the ship yards of New York is the mam-	1

moth steamer Adriatic, building for the Collins line, in Mr. Steers' yard, and which attracts numerous visitors. All its proportions are gigantic, the vessel exceeding in size any that has ever been built in this country. In some of its dimensions it will not vary materially from the United States steamship Niagara, building at the navy yard, but in the number of tons, it will be superior. The ship is entirely, in frame, so that the deck beams and iron braces are being put in. The "garboard streak," which extends parallel with the keel, and is equivalent to the first plank, is also being put on. The strength of the vessel is in some degree indicated by the fact that this is eleven inches in thickness. The iron braces, which will extend obliquely across the frames, interlacing each other at intervals of four feet, are of themselves a curiosity and wonder. They are each fifty feet in length, seven-eighth of an inch in thickness, and five nches broad, weighing seven hundred and fifty pounds. There are three hundred bars or "straps of this description. Four hundred men are constant ly employed on this ship, whose weekly wages average about \$2,400, and it is expected she will be launched about the 1st of April. She is 345 feet in length, 50 in breadth and 32 in depth. The quantity of timber put into her is enormous.

PROSPECTS OF "REPUBLICANISM."-Since the 1st of August, elections have been held in the following

North Carolina, Maine, Georgia, Vermont, Ohio, Kentucky, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Indiana. Texas. California Of these twelve States, the Republicans, or Fusio

ists, have carried Vermont and Ohio, by diminished majorities compared with last year. All the rest have gone against them, including Maine, Pennsylvania and Indiana, which last year went strongly in

In like manner, the Know-Nothings have carried two of the twelve States, viz: Kantucky and Cali-

The other eight are Democratic.

THE BELLES IN GREENLAND.—Captain Hartstene and his company, of the relief expedition, says the New York Evening Post, had an exceedingly gay Jacob Ramsour & Co.; best side of do. W. F. Hub-bard; Brass Kettles, Edged Tools, Turpentine and the fairest ladies of the place, whom they entertained Brandy Stills, Jacob Waltering of Raleigh.

Best Sattinetts and Woolen Jeans, Carson, Young berry sauce, with which it seemed difficult to satisfy them. When they had eaten all they could, they joined the officers in the dance, in which Woolen Carpet, Mrs. R. A. Lewis; Shirting and they excel. The officers say that they had never Sheeting, J. Newlan & Son; Best Bale Cotton, (all seen better dancers in their lives than those Disco

Later from Mexico. NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 19 .- The steamer Nautilus as arrived with later dates from the Brazos. Matamoras had surrendered to the revolutionists without a battle, and the city was tranquil. San Louis Potosi had not yet been taken. A fight of three days only left the revolutionists in possession of the field of battle. Reinforcements had been sent from Monterey.

[SECOND DESPATCH.]
San Louis Potosi surrendered after a three days fight. Companies of National Guards were being organized in various quarters, ready to march on the ity of Mexico at any moment Vidauri should determine such a movement necessary.

grey horse Old Bull, won the Trotting Match. The Resignation of Gen. Hitchcock-Health of Judge

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 .- Gen. Ethan A. Hitchcock, of the army, has resigned his position in the army, permit them to stay, and even dictated to them the and his resignation has been accepted, to take effect on the 18th inst.

of paralysis has much enfectled the physical defect, in a communication addressed to that officer, claim his tution of Judge Mason, Minister to Transcorn and to be protection against Japanese assumptions, in defiance propped up when sitting. Fatal Duel.

city yesterday between Ex-Lieutenant Chaplin of the put upon the treaty by our own and the Japanese Navy, and Dr. Kirk, his brother-in-law. Dr. Kirk governments. It is not likely, therefore, that other Navy, and Dr. Kirk, his brother-in-law. Dr. Kirk commercial expeditions will be taken until the proper was killed on the third shot. Lieut. Chaplin was slightly wounded.

The glorious triumph of the democrats in Pennsylvania, and their great gains in Ohio, Indiana and Maryland are indicative of that national success next year which will keep our country on the democratic track, and secure it against the machinations of sectional, abolition Sewardism. The wandering political harlots," who are seeking the embraces of every profligate faction, will only reap infamy as the very opposite of that which it really pursues, and as- reward of their labors. The great principles of union serting as causes for the course so attributed to the and harmony which lie at the foundation of the confederacy, will remain firm in their position if the people but arouse in season to discover the treasonable efforts of the demagogues who talk about letting K. N. ism, so much the better. The first report said the Union slide to accomplish their nefarious pur-

> The Baltimore Republican, of the 11th, thus speaks of the result of the election in that city: -BALTIMORE REDEEMED .- It is with no ordinary

emotions we record the result of vesterday's struggle. It was a battle in which all the higher and holier principles of our nature were invoked, in opposition o the prejudice and bigotry which had been so sedulously cultivated by the organs of know nothingism. It was a battle between principles and prejudices between the friends of constitutional rights and those who, while boasting of their regard for Christianity, and their great love for the country, were manifest-Chicago is in a sorry financial condition; its treasury is ing in their whole course their opposition to the ntirely empty, and those in the employ of the city go begder, and their hostility to the constitution as established by the heroes and sages who won our liberties. This is the battle which has been fought and and their countrymen, nearly all are disgusted as gloriously won by the friends of the constitution and the rights of conscience. We rejoice-not so much the Japanese government in the restrictions enforced. that we have elected a majority of the council-not and the interpretation given to the treaty which they so much that we have beaten the hosts of know no- agreed to. thingism--but that our city has shown itself true to the great charter of our common country, which secures equal rights and equal privileges to every citijudice. As such we rejoice in it as the harbinger of brighter and better days, when the sober second thought of a reflecting people shall stamp upon the wild intolerance and bigotry of the hour the seal of unmistakable condemnation.

In reference to the present cheering aspect of political affairs, the Albany Argus makes the following

Now and Then .- A year ago the fortunes of the democratic party seemed to be on the decline. States which had long been considered towers of strength, VERY CLEAR.—A medical writer says of yellow invincible strengholds of democracy, and which had fever, that it is 'an ardent Gastro enterito Hepatyphe.' all times nobly and successfully vindicated the democratic party against the assaults of its enemies-We do, we think. Having experienced, (as our turned against the democracy; defeat followed dekind old nurse styled it) a "tetch" of the prevailing feat; every northern state pronounced against us, epidemic in the days of visitation, we feel competent and the democratic party succeeded only in electing to pronounce upon the proper appellatives of the a few members of congress of the "household of

Then it was that the enemies of the democratic manifestations; and our only wonder is that he con- party-those who had unceasingly denounced its men, measures and principles with a bitterness and vindictiveness unparalleled in the annals of political warfare-asserted that the democratic party had passed its meridian; that it no longer commanded doctor (o)—feel-your-pulse (o)—put-out-your-tongue the confidence of the people; that its principles would o)-pepper-to-your-feet(o)--ice-to-your-head(o)- never again be in the ascendant,-in short, it was dymen. A twelve-month has passed, and those who

unine-to-your-blood(o) -- morphine-to-your-nerves | were eager to pronounce the death of the democratic party, are themselves in need of an epitaph. Thought by its enemies to be dead, the democratic party has sprung into new life; from being vanquished, it has again become victor, and is more firmly than ever enthroned in the hearts of the American people. The gassing storm has spent its fury, and has left the democratic party invincible, and better than ever prepared to resist the assaults of its enemies.

Capture of Chinese Pirates by English and Ameri-

The Hong-Kong (China) Mail gives an interesting account of a battle between boat parties from the Englsh ship of war Rattler and the U. S. naval steamer Powhatan, near Kulan, in which eight seamen or marines were killed, and fifteen or sixteen

seven prize vessels, previously captured by the pirates, were liberated. The English ship Rattler, towed by the steamer Eaglet, headed the attacking party, followed by three boats and a hundred men rom the American steam frigate. On arriving near the scene of action the Rattler manned three of her own boats, and these, with the American, attacked the pirates. Lieutenants Pegram and Rolando, with the launches of the Powhatan, attacked them with volleys of musketry, clearing the decks of the two was raised. The avengers were soon upon his argest, then boarding and driving the pirates overboard at the point of the bayonet. The latter fought neighbors—he was found, apprehended, and in solwith great desperation. A young American marine, named Adamson, was shot through the groin.

Another accident was the blowing up of a junk, which for a time had offered the most determined re- cruel death. A hatchet was placed in the victim's sistance to the English gig, in which were Captain hands, he was led to a large log that was hollow, Fellowes and Assistant Surgeon Wilson, with five and made to assist in fixing it for his coffin. This men, but which was ultimately taken possession of was done by cutting it some distance on the top, in by Lieut. Rolando and his launch. Either a train two places, about the length of a man apart, then had been laid before the crew left, or some determin. slabbing off and digging the hollow until larger, so ed scoundrel fired the junk, for she blew up, with a as to admit his body. This done, he was taken back tremendous explosion, and both officers and men and tied fast to a tree. Then they smoked and drank were hurled into the water. Three of the men were of the "fire-water," and when evening came they killed and several others frightfully scorched, one of kindled large fires around him, at some distance, but whom died the same night, while another is not ex- so that they would shine full upon him. pected to live; but the others miraculously escaped, though Lieut. Rinaldo was burned and Capt. Fellowes injured by the falling spars. The survivors were, however, all picked up by Mr. Craig, master's mate of the Powhatan, who had luckily gone into the boat the moment before the explosion took place. In this junk was an immense quantity of treasure, said to amount to \$200,000, and the desperation with which her crew fought may be judged of from the fact that even after the Americans gained the deck they were encountered hand to hand. The officers employed estimate the number of guns taken at two thousand, five hundred of whom were killed. The following is a list of Americans killed and

Killed-Joseph A. Halsey, Isaac Coe and John

Pepper.
Wounded-Lieut. R. H. Pegram, (commanding the boats,) and Lieut. H. Rolando, both in the hand; Benj. Adamson, dangerously, (since dead;) Jere. Pendergrast, landsman, fracture of a limb; Samuel Mullard, marine; Fred. Hommell, do.; P. Walder the Great Spirit. And when it did they took the Schmidt, do.; Wm. Carnes, ordinary seaman; Joshua body, wrapped it in a new clean blanket and placed Lewis, seaman; Wm. A. Taylor, captain after guard all seriously; Chas. Tingworth, seaman, cutlass

The English had four killed and seven wounded. Marshal Pelissier reports the precise loss of the

French, as follows, at Sebastopol :-

Killed, 5 generals, 24 superior officers, 116 subal-Sheeting, J. Newlan & Son; Best Bale Cotton, (all numbers,) same.

Among the Household Fabrics were counterpanes, Silk and Cotton Quilts, home made Blankets, do. Carpets, Silk Hose, Bed Spreads, etc., by the Ladies.

The discretionary Premiums were for all sorts of The discretionary Premiums were for all sorts of Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, a number of which we named in the Large Articles, and, what is more wonderful, they were perfectly familiar with the Polka, the Redowa, Mazour-ka, and all the most recent fashionable dances of Europe. The latter circumstance may be accounted to subalterns, 1489 soldiers—total 1634; wounded, 10 generals, 224 subalterns, 4259 soldiers—total 4513; missing, 2 superior officers, 8 squaw was avenged. The camp was broken up and the old stillness and quiet once more reigned over the subalterns, 1400 soldiers—total 1410; making a grand total of 7557. The British loss was as follows:—29 officers, 36 sergeants, 6 drummers, 314 makes and file wounded; 10 generals, 20 superior officers, 224 subalterns, 4259 soldiers—total 4513; missing, 2 superior officers, 8 squaw was avenged. The camp was broken up and the squaw was avenged. The camp was broken up and the old stillness and quiet once more reigned over the squaw w may meet with all the encouragement their enterprise deserves.

Fancy Articles, a number of which we named in the commencement of our notice. The various and passing them off as your own.—

There is some talk in the foreign papers of a probable suspension of specie payments by the Bank of France.

Fancy Articles, a number of which we named in the commencement of our notice. The various and the various and file missing. Total killed, sergeants, 168 rank and file missing. Total killed, sergeants, 169 rank and file missing. Total kille

OUR TREATY WITH JAPAN-A SCREW LOOSE. The commercial results of Com. Perry's treaty with the Japanese are just beginning to he visible-a schooner having arrived at San Francisco on the 17th schooner having a cargo of rice and Japanese ware direct from Japan. The name of the schooner is the Caroline E. Foote. She was owned and charter. ed by Messrs. Reed and Dougherty, and sailed from Honolulu on the 14th February last. In March the schooner arrived at Simoda, and found there the crew of the Russian frigate Diana, wrecked in the previous December. The Caroline E. Foote thereupon was chartered by the Russians to convey them to one of their own ports, while the crew peaceably landed their cargo, and occupied a temple assigned them by the Japanese. But the governor of Simoda, obvious ly acting under superior officers, it seems, refused to manner in which they should quit the island. At the opportune moment, however, Commodore Rod. Private letters from Paris state that the late attack gers, of the U. S exploring expedition, makes his Private letters from Paris state that the late account appearance, and Messrs. Reed and Dougherty, in a of the late treaty. A lengthy correspondence ensues between the various parties, but the commodore is SAVANNAH, Oct. 18.—A duel was tought near this powerless, as the dispute involves the construction construction of the treaty is officially ascertained and promulged by the government at Washington.—New York Express.

From the San Francisco Chronicle of Sept. 20th. JAPAN .- There is but one way to deal with certain races Treachery is one, if not the most prominent of their characteristics. To promise to do in the future what they do not wish to do at all, and what they never will do unless forced to it, is a very general custom with them. Doubtless the Japanese should be thus classed. They were taken all aback by the formidable presence of Commodore Perry and his fleet, and so readily assumed a willingness to treat which they did not feel. They formed a treaty. It has met with favor and confirmation. But all the efforts made by our people to take advantage of its provisions, and open a trade with these exclusive slanders, have, with slight exceptions, proved useless. Their interpretation of the provisions of the

treaty amount to a virtual repudiation of it. Our people have been absolutely refused the privilege of living ashore, except in accordance with their ideas of what the word "temporarily"-which is inserted in the treaty - means. If they are to give their own meaning to the words and sentences of the treaty, without let or hindrance, the treaty amounts to little more than permission for our ships to sail into a few of their ports. some of which, if not all those named, are entirely unsuited for ports of commercial intercourse Of those who went as pioneers, expecting to be the harbingers of good tidings and better times to the Japanese, and of wealth to themselves well as disappointed with the falsity and treachery of

Mexico .- Election of Alvarez.

We have before briefly noticed the election, on the 5th inst., of Don Juan Alverez to the Presidency of the Mexican Republic. The New Orleans Picayune, whose dates are to the 4th inst., from the city of Mexico, and to the 7th from Vera Cruz, gives some additional particulars of interest. The election was by delegates, appointed one from each State, agreeably with the plan of Ayula. Alvarez received 16 votes: Comonfort, 3; O'Campo 3, and Vidauri, 1. O'Campo was appointed Prime Minister, and charged with the formation of the Cabinet.

The most formidable remaining enemy of the Revolution, is Harro Temerez, an old friend of Santa Anna, and at present sustained by English and French interest, who, setting himself up as the champion of the Church and Army, the two strongest elements of the conservative or absolute party, it is feared may prove dangerous to the new confederation, when it begins the work of adjusting the relation of the Church and Army to the Government. Alvarez feels that the revolution is a failure, if the army is not made to know its place, as the servant and not the Minon, whose civil government in the capital had

een set at naught by the military commandant, Gen. Vega, had received orders from Gen. Alvarez to resume the civil supremacy. Gen. Vega, it appears, had refused to obey two important orders of Alvarez -to arrest the fugitive officers of Santa Anna, and to arm the National Guard which Santa Anna had

Much excitement had been caused in Mexico, by a report that the revolutionary Generals intended to accept the Protectorate of the United States. Alvarez, Comonfort, Vidauri and the American Minister. Mr. Gadsden, have published letters denying all knowledge of any such Protectorate.

From the Clinton County, Michigan, Express.

In different parts of Central Michigan there are two tribes of Indians, the Ottawas and Chippewas. They are friendly to each other, and during the hunting season frequently encamp near each other In the fall of 1853 a party of one tribe built their cabins on the banks of the Maple river, and a party of the other tribe, about eight in number, encamped in what is now the town of Dallas. It is unnecessary to speak of their life in these camps; suffice it to say, that the days were spent in hunting, and the nights in drinking "fire water" and carousing. In one of the revels at the camp on Maple river, an Indian, maddened by liquor, killed his squaw, and to conceal the deed threw the body into the fire.

Recovering from the stupor of the revel he saw the signs of his guilt before him, and fearing the wrath of the tribe, he fled toward the other encamp

His absence was noticed-the charred remains of track-they pursued him to the encampment of their emn council doomed to the death which in the stern old Indian code is reserved for those only who shed the blood of their kin. It was a slow, torturing,

And now commenced the orgies-they drank to intoxication -they danced and sung in their wild Indi an manner, chanting the dirge of the recreant brave The arrow was fitted to the bowstring, and ever and anon with its shrill twang it sent a missile into the quivering flesh of the homicide; and to heighten his misery they cut off his ears and nose.

Alternately drinking, dancing, beating their rude drums, and shooting their arrows into their victim, the night passed. The next day was spent in sleeping and eating, the

victim meanwhile still bound to the tree. What his nundred, large and small, and the pirates at one reflections were, we of course cannot tell, but he bore his punishment as a warrier should. When night was closed around, it brought the executioners to their work again. The scene of the first night was re-enacted, and so it was the next

night, and the next. and the next, and so on for a week. Seven long and weary days did he stand there, tortured with the most cruel torture, before his proud head dropped upon his breast, and his spirit left its clayey tenement for the hunting grounds of it in the log coffin he had helped to hollow.

They put his hunting knife by his side that he might have something to defend himself on the way, his whiskey bottle that he might cheer his spirits with a draught now and then, and his tobacco that he might smoke. Then they put on the cover, drove down stakes each side of the log, and filled up be-

fro ter cle tion that Pa guma do Egg nev ma arriten ity. pro ass

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ing-Away Prince Albert

Plain truths are wholesome food, especially for monarchical countries, and in the kingdom of Great Britain there is no one that utters them with a more manly, fearless voice, than the venerable old man, not in the least diminished his courage. He writes, when occasion offers, with the boldness of his own youth, and with more than the boldness of the new generation of English politicians. Lately he has penned a letter on the fall of Sebastopol, the most every (sentence of which is pungent and telling. and an assorted cargo, lumber, &c. But the sentence which strikes hardest is aimed at writers for the press. Here is the allusion to his

If there be any man, among us or over us, who fastened a drag on the wheels of that artillery which now at last hath crushed Sebastopol; if there be any minister, or adherent, or councillor of the crown who betrayed its secrets and announced its resolutions to the conspiring courts abroad, he must have looked a little sheepish when the Emperor of the French, whom so few years ago he disdained to notice as an exile, patronized him serenely and graciously in his palaces of the Tuileries, of Versailles and of St. Cloud."

"Sheepish" is the very word which expresses the thousand times by Americans who saw the Prince as stance. he rode or walked with the proud and triumphant French sovereign through the streets and palaces of his capital. No one could look upon the tame spiritless face of the Prince without a feeling apand motion that he felt his inferiority to his wife- pected to sail next Wednesday." his manhood was extinguished in a woman's shadow. If he has schooled his native dignity to this species of subserviency, he may probably have felt no mortification in reflecting upon his position. He may have settled down to the comfortable opinions of the male adherents to the ultra Woman's Rights doctrines, and seventeen years' pupilage in the leading strings of his wife may have destroyed all traces of masculine pride in his character. If so, he is scarcely to be congratulated, but as it is his own matter,

he need not be condemned. But there are charges made against Prince Albert by the Liberal press of a serious character, and it is to these that Landor alludes in his severe letter. Lord Aberdeen was his especial favourite-the same Lord Aberdeen who put up so meekly with Russian aggressions; who insisted on negotiation when war was demanded by every one else; who consented to war with a reluctant bad grace; who carried it on in a tame, dull way, that gave every advantage to the enemy, and who was at last driven from office amid the indignant hootings of the whole people of England. It was to Prince Albert that Lord Aberdeen was indebted for the honour of the Garter, for no one else could see his title to a decoration which is rarely granted to persons not of royal blood. Nor do we forget that a year or two ago there were well grounded suspicions that Prince Albert's German preposessions stood between England and Russia, and assisted in keeping up the long losing game of diplomacy into which his country was inveigled. These circumstances are remembered by the English people and there is a pretty decided and general dislike to Prince Albert throughout the country, the frequent expression of which is only restrained by the genuine affection which is felt for Victoria. In truth Prince Albert, when he gets out of his office of father of royal children, is very apt to commit blunders. His only success in a different sphere, was in the Exhibition of 1851, and he is occasionally somewhat useful and animated at the laying of corner stones, launching of ships, and opening of public works. But politics are dangerous grounds for him to venture upon .- Evening Bulletin.

From the Philadelphia Pennsylvanian. Know-Nothingism.

Since the election is now over, the only be remembered as one of the follies of a moral man in the room I should like to see him. disappointed and corrupt party; but the latter will The expression of these and other similar indecent remain. What does the name imply? In itself, it is an unintelligible congeries, used for the purpose of Brisbane soon ceased speaking. drawing together, under a secret oath, a band of po- Hearing some confusion towards the entrance to entirely deprive foreigners from ever becoming citi- of a Police Justice to release the captives. zens. There is not a single blessing which adopted After the arrest of the above parties, the police in The welfare of this country, with all its institutions it. are his. And, sworn as he is to support the Constitution, it becomes his duty to guard and protect it were complaints of neighbors that the house was dismany have departed from it, and for a season bowed against them. down before miserable Coons and Opossums, as the Egyptians did to cats and reptiles, yet that party has never left nor forsaken any of our citizens. It remains the same faithful and unchangeable friend. Its ity. Democracy requires no secret, hidden place to say that she is young and pretty? propagate her principles, where midnight assassins

are as old as the Government. They have been can-shall see how he exercised that right. vassed in every shape by opposite parties, and it is a oles. When Henry Clay was the candidate for the satin. Presidency, as a high-minded Politician, he defined 'Good,' said she, 'the principles of the Whig Party, and upon these he ing. I will wear them.' was always defeated. The Whig party occasionally succeeded by an abandonment of all principles, and weakened itself by "Stooping to Conquer." Opcssums, Coons, Log Cabins and Hard Cider, were subthe total destruction of the Whig Party. The naticism, unscathed and uninjured. And why? Bepresented to the public in characters that could not

assemble to commit political fratriciae.

NEW YORK -We copy the following from the New penses of the campaign. York Express of Friday last:

" A complaint has been made by affidavits against Walter Savage Landor. Eighty-five years have not service as a Russian privateer. Upon these affidaperceptibly impaired the vigour of his intellect, and vits the 'Maury' was immediately embargoed. The marshal visited the vessel, and, after examining her, informed the United States district attorney that he found on board of her 250 tons of coal in the hold, and ten iron cannon mounted on wooden carriages, four iron cannon on deck, a number of small arms important part of which we print on our third page, and side arms in the cabin, several boxes of shot,

Prince Albert, who, as the husband of the good little by saying that she was built by Messrs. Roosevelt, it will be very effectual and prove of service to backqueen, is generally spared by both politicians and Joice & Co., after the model of the barque Penguin; that she is intended for the China trade; that she has been advertised for the last three weeks, in five daily newspapers, to sail for Shanghai; that the cannon are shipped pursuant to an order from a chantmen trading in the China sea.

"They express themselves willing to have the cargo overhauled and examined.

The naming of the barque after Lieut. Maury, who has been much favored and noticed by the Rusappearance of Prince Albert in Paris. It was used a sian Emperor, was considered a suspicious circum-

"This is explained by the statement that she was named during the month of last May, out of compliment to Lieut. Maury for his services rendered to navigation. The vessel is to take out four missionaproaching to contempt; for he showed in every look | ries and two Chinamen, and unless prevented is ex-

From Friday's New York Sun. Free Lovers Dispersed_Unloving conduct of the Police.

The Free Love Society, which has been a promi nent topic of conversation in this city during the past few weeks, was last night broken up and dispersed by the police. In consequence of the great notoriety recently given to the club, and expecting some kind of a demonstration, we despatched a reporter to the place of meeting last night, who related the following facts:

I went to the place of meeting, No. 555 Broadway, about 8 o'clock, and obtained admission by the magic pass-word of a twenty-five cent piece. On entering the room, which was about 100 feet long by 25 feet wide, I first saw an immense crowd of men, and upon close scrutiny could discover a sprinkling of rather ancient-looking ladies, amounting, at the highest calculation, to the number of twenty-five. There were not seats enough for half the visitors, and so they were either promenading and conversing or gazing with close scrutiny around them, as their knowledge of the club would dictate.

The first attempt at organization was by Mr. Henry Clapp, who mounted the rostrum and delivered a humorous, yet peculiar speech; he said the doors of sant companion, we deplore her loss, and will cherish her the club had been thrown open to let the public memory. come in and see what it was, and if men thought it a house of prostitution and were disappointed, they could go away. He vehemently denounced the press of the city, which he declared had totally misrepresented and abused them; the club was organized merely for the purpose of affording cheap and social amusement, by dancing, singing, card, chess and draught playing, besides some educational features. Yet, said he, the vile press of the city has peeped into our chimney tops and windows, intruded into our dwelling and misrepresented us; but it is a characteristic of the press of New York to go down upon its face and lick up the slime and filth of public scandal and publish it to the world for gold; he contin-

to meet, he said, that Free Love was not a new thing. It was well known to every man in the should not be looked upon as an electioneering doc- room that if it were not for free love New York would ument. Its object is to invite the attention of adopted citizens to a few general reflections. Know-Nothingism stands second among the peculiar isms of the day—Abolitionism being the first—and like many others, the former name will pass into oblivion, and

litical renegades. Their own aggrandizement, at the the room, I went there, and saw the Police engaged expense of their political victims, is the only principle that the party actually possesses, and the sole one that we have been able to discover. Wherever of the ward, and Capt. Kissner, of the 14th ward, the Secret Order have been successful, they have car- who warned all present to leave under penalty of arried it out to the very letter. Adopted citizens have rest. They then arrested Mr. Brisbane under a charge een proscribed to the utmost limits from all offices, of disorderly conduct, also the doorkeeper, named whether civil or military. Remonstrances upon this Thomas Harland, on a charge of assault and battery ubject were answered with the cry that Americans on Mr. Cockerfair, said to be one of the deputy coraust and shall rule America. This answer is strictly oners, who tried to force his way in under pretence correct, and with it, all perfectly agree. The Conthat he had paid the admission fee; also Benjamin stitution of the United States defines clearly who and John Henderson on a charge of endeavouring to shall rule America, and fixes the qualifications necessary before entering upon the discharge of the duties of office. But the Constitution is virtually an unworthy instrument by the Secret Order, and had they the power, its provisions would be so changed as to fees. At the time I left, their friends were in search

citizens now enjoy that would not be obliterated, and the room commenced putting out the lights and clearthemselves reduced to the situation of slaves. The adopted citizen has rights, and he ought to know how door and greeted those who made their exit with to maintain them. The moment he takes the oath of allegiance, renouncing every foreign sovereignty whatever, he becomes an American citizen, and as the Free Love Society, whose members had detersuch is entitled to all the rights of an American. mined to stay and brave it, as one of them expressed

from all encroachments, and hand it down to pos- orderly and an interruption to business, and he himterity unsullied and inviolate. What then is the self thought that Mr. Brisbane's speech, which veheclear duty of every adopted citizen? To this ques- mently denounced the propriety of the marriage relation there can be but one reasonable answer; and that is, to faithfully sustain the great Democratic and order. The parties arrested will be brought up that is, to faithfully sustain the great Democratic and order. The paries arrested will be been determined by the Union. That Party has ever been the at the Jefferson Market Police Court, at seven o'clock Van Bokkelen.

Schr. R. W. Brown, Derrickson, for New York, by A. D.

[Translated from the Courrier des Etats Unis.] Gloves vs. Slippers.

A little incident has recently enlivened Parisian soarms are always open to receive the returning penitent, and to establish him again in his right to equal-

This heroine had a husband, and this husband, being of a joyous temperament, was indifferent to noth-The political principles of the Democratic party ing that could amuse him. It was his right, and you

well established fact that the Democratic party never managing about her chamber, found among her efhas been defeated, when it stood firmly on its princi- fects a pair of slippers. These slippers were of white

' These slippers ! they belong to you,' he replied at

'To me! don't you see I cannot get them on ?

A SUPPOSED RUSSIAN PRIVATEER EMBARGOED AT fit out of a cloak of Russian sables defrayed the ex-

In accepting it, the wife smiled—'See how good I am,' said she, 'I am willing to acknowledge that this vessel, alleging that she has been fitted out for these gloves, these famous gloves, belong to my cousin who lent them to me to assist me in taking revenge upon you; give them to me, and hereafter if I find no more slippers, you shall find no more gloves.'

"HEINEKEN CATCHERS."-The Bordentown (N. J.) Register says that the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company are preparing to place a new and valuable invention upon the rear of all their trains. It is described as a cross between the old-fashioned English "The owners of the barque, however, explain this pilot and cow-catcher, now in use. It is believed that ing trains, as it will sweep any obstacle from the track, without endangering the safety of the train. The Register says it is to be called the "Heineken Catcher," in compliment, we suppose, to the distinguished gentleman of that name who has rendered house in China, and that they are intended for mer- himself notorious by his repeated collisions with passing trains.

> The Scientific Bulletin of Paris says : "Chemistry is about to drag from an anticipated death thousands of men, who, in the exercise of their eruel professions - gilding, looking-glass plating, white-lead manufacturing, etc., and also those whose system has been ruined by mercury in its various forms-for this, science has raised her right arm and arrested their misery and destruction. This discovery extracts from their bodies, atom by atom, every particle of metallic substance, from every part of the human system. The invention consists of an application of chemical electricity to accomplish the purpose, and of all the many and marvellous things that

> Among diseases, dyspepsia and liver complaint rank as most difficult to cure. We are pleased to have it in our power to point out a remedy which has proved effectual in many cases, and which we can safely recommend as a cerin many cases, and which we can safely recommend as a cer-tain and infallible cure; it has been the means of rescuing thousands from an untimely grave. We mean the Hoof-land's Germrn Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, at the German Medicine Store, 120 Arch street, Philadelphia. For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by Dr. A. O. BRADLEY, and C. & D. DuPRE, Druggists. Oct. 15 .- [tO27-d&w

electricity has achieved, this is the boldest and most

triumphant."

Tribute of Respect. CLINTON, October 10, 1855.

On receiving the intelligence of the death of Miss Hannah M. Hill, the young ladies of Clinton Female Institute, assembled in the School-room, and adopted the following

preamble and resolutions: WHEREAS, In His wise dispensation, "He, who doeth all things well," has entered our midst, and called one of our number to that dark and dreamless sleep that knows no waking. With hearts stricken with grief, yet meekly bowing in humble submission, we would so receive this affliction that when the summons comes to us, it may find us also ready. Wishing to pay some feeble tribute to her memory, we have assembled this morning to offer some resolutions:

Resolved, That, as a member of our school and as a plea-

Resolved, That we deeply sympathise with her relatives, and mingle our sorrow with theirs over the void made by an All-Wise Providence. Resolved, That we wear the usual badge of mourning thirty days. Resolved, That these proceedings be entered on our records, and a copy transmitted to her friends. Also, a copy sent to the Wilmington Journal, with a request to publish.

Turpentine above when brought curred.*

of one-fifth is n

SUSAN OATES,	to pubish.
C. C. NIXON, O. F. IRELAND, M. FENNELL, M. A. COX, S. J. BEAMAN.	Committee

MARRIED. ued for some time in this strain, and concluded by introducing Albert Brisbane.

Mr. Brisbane took the stand amid great confusion. After stating the object for which the Club purported to meet, he said, that Free Love was not a new

DIED, In this town, on the 17th inst., Mrs. ELIZABETHJOHN-SON, formerly of Randolph County, N. C., aged 72 years and 8 menths. [Randolph papers please copy.]
In this town, this morning, Mrs. CHARITY PRESCOTT, aged 61 years, formerly of Staten Island, New York.

[New York city papers please copy.]
In this town, on the 22d inst., Mr. JOHN GORTHER, a native of Germany, aged 28 years.
In this county, on the 2nd inst., Miss MARGARET JANE WOOD, daughter of R. and Cynthia Wood.
"Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, N. C .-- October, 1855.

ARRIVED. -Steamer Magnolia, Barber, from Fayetteville, t 22-Steamer Sun, McRimmon, from Fayetteville, to W. I. Marsh. Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to A. H. VanBok Oct. 22-Schr. Exchange, Gray, from Baltimore, to Rus sell & Bro.; with mdze.
Steamer James R. Grist, Williams, from Cypress, to A 23-Brig Helvellyn, Haskill, from Boston, to J. H. Chadbourn & Co. Steamer Chatham, Elder, from Cypress, to W. H. Me-Rary & Co. Oct. 23-Steamer Magnolia, Barber, from Fayetteville, to

Lutterloh & Elliott. Schr. Caroline Virginia, Davis, from Oak Island, to Mas 24-Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to A. H. Van-Bokkelen.

CLEARED. Oct. 20-Steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A. H. Van Bokkelen. Schr. Wake, Taylor, for New York, by George Harriss; with naval stores, lumber, &c.

22—Schr. Christopher Pendleton, Avery, for St. Jago de Cuba, by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with lumber, shingles, &c. Steamer Sun, McRimmon, for Fayetteville, by W. H.

Marsh.
Oct. 22-Barque Saranac, Bullerdick, for Bremen, by Wessel & Eilers; with lumber, &c. 23-Schr. Alba, Osborne, for New York, by George Har-

riss; with naval stores, &c. Steamer Enterprise, Dicksey, for Elizabethtown, by Geo Harriss. Oct. 23-Steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A. H

Cazaux; with naval stores, cotton, &c.
Brig. Reuben Carver, Barry, for New York, by Russell & Bro.; with naval stores.
Schr. Onward, Smith, for Portsmouth, N. H., by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with lumber, &c.
Steamer Magnolia, Barber, for Fayetteville, by Lutterloh

Register Your Names.

EXTRACT from an Act to empower the Commissioners of the Town of Wilmington to establish Streets in said Town and for other purposes, passed by the Legislature of 1854-5; Chap. 248:

shall see how he exercised that right.

One day last week, it happened that his wife, in managing about her chamber, found among her effects a pair of slippers. These slippers were of white satin.

'Good.' said she, 'there is to be a ball this evening. I will wear them.'

She took them out and tried them on. The slippers were too small, and her feet would not go into them. Meanwhile the husband made his appearance.

'Whose are these slippers?' demanded the wife, pushing her foot into the white satin.

The husband looked down and became red. The careless fellow!

'These slippers! they belong to you,' he replied at the careless fellow to the exercised in its purity only by those who are legally entitled, and whereas it is right and just that those who enjoy the protection, immunities and privileges secured by the municipal laws and police regulations of a town, should contribute to the expenditures accessary for the due administration of such law, to secure which ends the commissioners of said town who is qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons of the General Assembly of the State, shall register or cause to be registered his name and place of residence at least one month before the day of election for commissioners of said town, but it shall not be necessary so to register their names more day of the state, shall register their names more day of the state, shall be chosed, and remain closed during each and every month next preceding any election for during each and every month next preceding any election for during each and every month next preceding any election for day of election for commissioners of said town, but it shall not be necessary so to register their names more day of election for commissioners of said town, but it shall not be necessary so to register their names more day of election for commissioners of said town, but it shall not be necessary so to register their names more day of election for commissioners of said town, but it shall not be necessary so to register their names more during each and every month next preceding any election for commissioners of said town, and no person whatever shall be permitted to vote at any such election unless his name shall be so registered in said book; and said book or a copy there-**To me! don't you see I cannot get them on? To find slippers and not to be able to wear them on? To find slippers and not to be able to wear them of the management under which their present rights are supporting the Know-Noth-sery instrument under which their present rights are supported to constitution of the lumband, you dance so much." It is because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband, you dance so much." It is because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband, you dance so much." It is because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband, you dance so much." It is because your feet have swelled so,' continued the lumband, you dance so much." It is because your feet have swelled so,' continued the lumband, you dance so much." It is because your feet have swelled so,' continued the lumband, you dance so much." It is because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be present to desprise will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be a because your feet have swelled so,' continued to the lumband will be present to th

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WILMINGTON WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

12 It should be understood that our quotations generally present the wholesale prices. In filling small orders, higher rates have to be paid. BEESWAX, # 16..23 @ 25 Turpentine, # 280 lbs
*Virgin dip..0 00
Yellow dip..0 00
Hard..... 0 00
Tar, #bbl..0 00
Pitch..do... 1 75
Rosin, No.1, 1 50
do. No.2, 1 35 BEEF CATTLE, \$\mathbb{H}\$ 100 lbs...5 50 Bricks, \$\mathbb{H}\$ M.6 00 CANDLES, # 1. Tallow.....16 @ Adamantine..26 @ Sperm......35 @ COFFEE, P b. Laguayra ... 16 @ Laguayra ... 13 @ Rio ... 111 @ St. Domingo .. 12 @ Cotton, # ib ... 81 @ Coen Meal, # bush ... 14 13½ P bush 95 @ 1 00 OMESTICS, DOMESTICS, Sheeting, 2 yd.71 @ 8 Yarn, 2 15.... 00 @ 17 Eggs, 2 doz... 25 @ 28 EMPTY BARRELS, each, Spts. Turp.. 1 75 @ 2 00 FEATHERS, 2 15.45 @ 50 FISH. 20 bb! POTATOES. Sweet, bush 50 @ Irish, do....00 @ 0 00 do. # bbl..2 25 @ 2 50 Fish, \$\pm\$ bbl.,

Mullets...6 50 @ 6 75

Mac'rel, Ne, 100 00@00 00 Provisions, # 15. N. C. Bacon, N. C. Bacon,
Hams.....16½ @
Middlings..15½ @
Shoulders..14½ @
Hog round. 00 @
Western Bacon,
Middlings..00 @
Shoulders..00 @ do. No. 2 00 00@00 00 do. No. 3. 5 00@ 6 00 do. No. 4 3 50@ 4 00
Shad, Ocean,00 00@00 00
Herrings, East 3 75@ 4 00
do. N.C. roe,0 00@ 6 00

do. do. cut, Dry Cod, N. C. Lard...00 @ West'n do... 12½ @ Butter23 @ none # cwt....5 00 @ 0 00 LOUR, \$\pi\$ bbl., N. C. brands. 9 75 @10 25 Cheese111 @ Pork, Mess, 39 bbl...24 50 @25 00 RAIN, B bush. do. Prime 00 00 @00 00 Beef, Mess.00 00 @19 00 Corn.......80 @ 0 00 Oats00 @ 35 WhiteBeans0 00 @ 0 00 Pease, Cow.0 55 @ 60 do. Fulton Market. 00 00 @00 00 do. Ground.1 40 @ 1 50 Rice, rough.0 00 @ 0 00 Chickens, live . 12½ @ 25 do. dead . 00 @ 00 Turkeys, live 00 @ 0 00 ..51 @ HAY, # 100 1bs. do. dead, 15 00 @ Eastern 0 00 @ Alum # bush .. 50 N. River... 871 @ English, ass'd .. 41 @

Liverpool & sack, ground 1 40 @ 1 American, ref. .51 @ fine..0 00 @ do. sheer...0 @ Porto Rico... 9 do. hoop....0 New Orleans .. 0 @ Muscovado ... 0 @ Loaf & crush 12 @ Liquors, # gall (domestic. Whiskey ... 47 @ 50 N. E. Rum. 48 @ 50 Gin....... 50 @ 55 Brandy ... 55 @ 60 Clarified and Granulated.10 @ Brandy......55 @ 60 do Apple..60 @ 1 00 LUMBER, \$\ M., (River.) Floor.B'ds.00 00 @ 0 00 Wide do.. 0 00 @ 0 00 Scantling.. 0 00 @ 0 00 Contract ... 4 50 @ 6 00 Common ... 0 00 @ 3 00 STAVES, \$8 M. W. O. Bbl 15 00 @18 00 R.O. Hhd. 16 00 @20 00 Ash Head'g . 9 00 @12 00 Molasses, per gallon. Cuba......38 @ N. Orleans...00 @ 40 TIMBER, WM. Shipping.. 0 00 @12 50 Mill, prime 9 25 @11 00 VAILS, # 16. Cut...... 5 @ 54 Wrought..... 10 @ 125 do. inferior to

TALLOW, # 15...12 @ 125 Note. River Lumber, Tar, and Turpentine, sold in the water are subject to the expense of landing, inspection, cooperage, &c.;—say on Lumber 80 cents to \$1 \$ M.; Tar and ntine about 10 @ 15 cents & bbl.-and on naval stores, when brought per railroad, about the same expenses are in-curred.—*For Virgin or mixed Turpentine a deduction

ordinary 4 00 @ 6 50

Wilmin	gton	Bank	Rates of Exc	nange.	
			Philadelphia 1		
New York 1	66	* **	Virginia 3	* **	
Boston 1		- 44	Charleston 2	44	**

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E)	REIGHTS:		
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TO PHILADELPHIA.			
Turpentine, Rosin, and	d Tar, per barrel, 25		3
Spirits Turpentine,		1	5
Ground Peas, per bus	hel, 0 a	1	
Lumber, per M., as to	size5 00 a	7	0
Cotton goods and varn	s, per cubic foot, 0		
Rice per 100 lbs			0
TO BOSTON.	[2008] 공본의 [24년의 1924년 202		
	d Tar, per barrel, 35		4
Spirite Turnentine	do0 60	-	6
Lumber norM	7 50		3 6
Pannite 20 huchal	7 50		, 0
Rough Rice, 48 busher	1,00		

REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKET,

FOR THE WERK ENDING OCTOBER 24TH, 1855 TURPENTINE-Ruled steady at last week's quotation up to Saturday when the price of yellow dip went up 12½ cents, with sales at \$3 12½ \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 280 lbs., since then the market has been firm and all received has been taken at that figure. The receipts continue very light, and are principally of small

follows:	Bbls.	Virgin.	Yellow dip.	Hard.
Thursday	226		\$3 00	
Friday			3 00	
Saturday	520		3 121	
Monday			3 125	
Tuesday	120		\dots 3 $12\frac{1}{2}\dots$	
Wednesday	369		3 121	2 00
	parcel offer	ed on mark	et this mornin	g, and ta-
ken as above.	4 17			
			21 cents on	
last over our	quotation	s of the p	revious day, si	nce which

The sales for the week foot up 1,408 bbls., viz:
Thorsday...... 500 bbls. at 43 cents per gallon.
Friday...... 600 " " 43 " " "
Monday..... 308 " " 43 " " "
No transactions since Monday; sellers generally are holding at 43 cents, but this figure appears to be above the views of buvers. buyers.

Resin--Common has been in fair demand throughout the

week at an advance of $2\frac{1}{2} \oplus 5$ cents on previous quotation. There is very little coming in, and only a small quantity offering on market. The sales for the week foot up only 4,175 400 bbls. at \$1 271 for large size bbls.

Wednesday 1,500 " " 1 30 " " Sales made this morning as above, and market firm. In No. I we notice very little doing. Sales on Thursday of 153 bbls. at \$2 25, and Monday 100 do. at \$1 50 @\$1 75 \(\ext{P}\) bbl., sa in quality. No sales of No. 2.

TAR—Has been in fair demand from shippers during the market with light arrivals. On Saturday the price declined 5

Tuesday...... 19 Wednesday...... 50

note in prices, and we quote sales to grocers at 95 cents @ \$1

note in prices, and we quote sales to grocers at 90 cents @ \$1 \$\mathbb{B}\$ bushel, as in quality.

EMPTY BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine barrels are in active demand, and few or none on market. A lot of about 300 received this week and sold quick at \$1 75 each for second hard, cash. No sales of new, and we quote at \$2.

FISH—Mullets are in considerably enquiry, and only a small supply in store. Received this week 170 bbls., which sold at \$6 50 \$\mathbb{B}\$ bbl., at which the market is steady. We quote from store at \$7 00 \$\mathbb{C}\$ \$750. For prices of Mackerel, Herring, &c., we refer to our table.

demand from retailers, and there is very little remaining in first hands. The receipts continue quite small, and the sales for the week reach only 4 @ 5,000 fbs. at 15 cents for shoulders, 16 cents for sides and hog round, and 17 cents \$\mathbb{P}\$ fb. for hams. The stock of Western cured remains about the same though the market appears to be a little dull at present. We quote from store at 14 cents for shoulders, 15 cents for sides first hands. The receipts continue quite small, and the sales for the week reach only 4 © 5,000 fbs. at 15 cents for shoulders, 16 cents for sides and hog round, and 17 cents \$\overline{B}\$ fb. for hams. The stock of Western cured remains about the same though the market appears to be a little dull at present. We quote from store at 14 cents for shoulders, 15 cents for sides and 14\overline{A}\$ @ 15 cents \$\overline{B}\$ fb. for canvassed hams. LARD—For N. C. make we reduce our quotation \overline{A}\$ cents, and note sales during the week at 14 cents \$\overline{B}\$ fb., in bbls. and kegs—cash and 60 days. Western sells slowly at 12\overline{A}\$ @ 16 cents, as in store, and very little demand. Only small sales have been made at quotations. See table. Little or no fresh has been brought in, and we notice a fair demand at 9 @ 10 cents \$\overline{B}\$ fb., as in quality.

Salt—There is more firmness in the market for all de-

B., as in quality.
SALT—There is more firmness in the market for all descriptions, and prices have gone up a shade. There is a fair demand for Liverpool sack, and only a moderate stock on market. Sale on Wednesday of 1,000 sacks at \$1 37½ \$\text{g}\$ sack, 90 days; and 1,600 do. received on Thursday, was sold to arrive on private terms. See table for store prices Alum is in fair supply, and we could form store at 50 \$\tilde{6}0\$ cents \$\tilde is in fair supply, and we quote from store at 50 @ 60 cents \$

SHINGLES—No change in prices, and receipts light. quote Common at \$3 and Contract at \$4 50 @ \$5 \$ M.

STAVES—A small parcel W. O. Bbl. received this and sold at \$18 \$ M.

TIMBER—Continues to come in sparingly and is fair demand from millers. Sales this week of only 12 @ 14 rafts at prices ranging within clasified figures. See table. FREIGHTS—Coast wise rates remain about as last reported. To New York rates are exceedingly dull, and little or no freight offering. For Boston there are some lumber freights offering, at prices quoted in our table.

FAYETTEVILLE, Oct. 20.—Bacon 21½ @31. Beeswax 24@25. Coffee Rio, 12½@13; Laguira, 13½@14; St. Domingo, 00@00. Cotton—Fair to good, 8½@8½; ord. to mid. 8@8½. Feathers, 35@40. Flour, Family, \$8 50@0 00; Superfine, \$8 25@\$0 00; Fine \$8 00; Scratched, \$7 75. Grain, Corn 00@75; Wheat \$1 50; Oats, 40@45; Peas, 65@70; hye 90@\$0 00. Hides—Dry 8@9; Green 3@4. Lard 13@14. Salt—Liv'p, Sack) \$1 80 Sack) \$1 80.

Supply of Bacon abundant and prices lower, with sales of hog round at 12½@13 cts. But little Corn in market; no change in prices. Cotton is lower, with sales at 8½@8½ cts. Flour is in good demand at quotations. Sales of Wheat at \$1 50 \$\mathrew{F}\$ bushel. Spirits Turpentine 35 to 36 cts.; Raw do. no change

no change.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 22.—Flour—Howard street \$8 62½.

Western \$5 62½. City Mills \$5 50@\$00 00. Rye Flour—\$6 62½, and mixed brands \$6 37½. Corn Meal—Country at \$4 25, and City at \$4 50. Wheat—choice white 2 10@\$2 12 good to prime do. 1 98@\$2 04, ordinary to good do. 1 85 good to prime do. 1 75@\$1 80. Red, good to prime, at 1 80@\$1 90, ordinary to good do. 1 75@\$1 85 \$\pi\$ bushel.

Corn—good to prime white 88@90 cents; yellow 90@93 cts.; cut 83@85 cents Oats—good to prime Maryland, Virginia, 36@39 cts.; Ohio and Pennsylvania at 37@41 cents; inferior qualities 30@34 cents per bushel. Rye—Maryland 1 06@\$1 10; Pennsylvania \$1 17@1 20; and Western Virginia at 0 00@\$0 00 \$\pi\$ bushel. Provisions—Beef-—Sales of No. 1 for ship stores at \$16 50; Mess at \$18 50, and Prime at 14 00@\$0 00 \$\pi\$ bbl. Bacon—sides 12½@13c, shoulders 12½c, hams 13½ cents \$\pi\$ lb. Bulk Meats—Sides 12, shoulders 11½, and hams 12½ cents; new bulk hams at 11½ cents \$\pi\$ lb. Lard—bbls. 11½@12c, and kegs 13½@13c cents \$\pi\$ lb. Coffee—Fair to choice Rio nominally at 11½@12 cents, good to prime at 11½@ 00 cents. Largurya 11½@12 cents, Largurya 11½@12 cents. Largu bbls. 11½@12c, and kegs 13½@13½ cts. \$\ \mathrm{B}\$ \text{ D. Coffee}\$—Fair to choice Rio nominally at 11½@12 cents; good to prime at 11½@ 10 cents; Laguyra 11½@12 cents; Java 14½@15 cents. Molasses—New Orleans 38@40 cents; Porto Rico at 37@39 cents; Cuba clayed 30@32 cents \$\mathrm{B}\$ gallon. Sugars—Porto Rico 7½@8½ cents; New Orleans 7½@7½, and Cuba 7½@7½ cents \$\mathrm{B}\$ \text{ B. Rice—5½@5½cents}\$ \mathrm{B}\$ \text{ D. Whiskey—City distilled in bbls. 38½@39 cents; Ohio 38½ @ 39 cents.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 22.—There was a good demand for Which are among the best style by orderly, obligations and well-trained servants.

THE BAR

Will be a storehouse of the best Wines and Liquors, and sucception to courtesy and integrity, thoroughly acquainted with his business—comprising the knowledge of what is due to the rights and comforts of the public, as well as to himself and his employer.

THE STABLES, lasses.—New Orleans 35@40 cents; Porto Rico at 37@39 cents; Cuba clayed 30@32 cents & gallon. Sugars.—Porto Rico 74@84 cents; New Orleans 72@74, and Cuba 74@74 cents & b. Rico.—54@54cents & b. Whiskey.—City distillations of the company of the com

CHARLESTON, Oct. 22.—There was a good demand for Which are among the best in the State, have been placed in this article to-day, the sales having reached upwards of 1900 the keeping of a skillful and careful manager, who will albales at prices ranging from 8 to 9 cents.

Which are among the best in the State, have been placed in the keeping of a skillful and careful manager, who will albales at prices ranging from 8 to 9 cents.

Which are among the best in the State, have been placed in the keeping of a skillful and careful manager, who will albales at prices ranging from 8 to 9 cents.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Cotton-The market is quiet, sales of only 400 bales. Flour-Prices are improving, sales of 22,000 bbls. at \$8 62½ for straight State; \$8 75 for good Ohio; and \$9 37½ for Southern, Wheat has an improving tendency, with sales of 57,000 bushels at \$2 10 for Southern white, and at \$1 90 for Western red. Corn firm, 92 cents for Western mixed. Pork-Sales of Mess at \$23. Beef firm and unchanged, sales at 17@\$17 50 for repacked Chicago. Lard is active at 11@12 cents. Whiskey at 41 cents for Ohio. Bio Coffse of the subscriber to render the House in every respect equal to any in the country. He therefore trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal trusts that a generous public will renew and continue trusts that a generous public will renew and continue trusts that a generous public will renew and continue trusts that a generous public will renew and continue trusts that a generous public will renew and continue trusts that a generous public will renew and continue trusts that a generous public will renew and continue trusts that a generous public will renew and continue trusts that a generous public will renew and continue trusts that a generous public will renew and continue trusts that a generous publi Lard is active at 11@12 cents. Whiskey at 41 cents Ohio. Rio Coffee at 11@11 cents. Sugar active, sales of New Orleans at 71 cents. Molasses quiet, sales of New Orleans at 38 cents. Turpentine firm, sales of 450 bbls. Spirits at 44\2045 cents. Rosin steady, sales of 400 bbls. at 1 62\20\20081 70 for common. Tar is quiet, sales of 50 bbls. at \$2 371. Freights are heavy.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 22.—Flour coming in briskly at and command from \$7 @ \$7 10 cents. Cotton old crop, little upward extreme range from 7 to 8 cents. Wheat \$1 40 to 1 50. Corn 37½ to 40. Meal, in great demand, from 50 to 55 cents. Oats, from 30 to 35 cents. Lard 13 cts.—Salt \$2 50 to 2 75. Bacon, hog round 13 to 13\frac{1}{2} cts.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

STRAYED or stolen, on Sunday night, the 7th inst., a small, dark gray MULE, about 4 years old. Said Mule is marked on each shoulder by the harness, and is turned white. Any person taking up said Mule and returning it to the subscriber at Milton Mills, Bladen county, N. C., will be liberally rewarded.

G. S. BRONSON.

UST RECEIVED, 50,000 choice Havana Cigars, for sale C. & D. DuPRE, Wholesale Druggists, 45 Market st.

ROM AND AFTER THIS DATE, THE WHOLE-sale and Retail business of the WILMINGTON GRAN-ARY will be conducted at the store formerly occupied by WM. A. GWYER, corner of Princess and Vater streets, at which below will be least construct to the store of the st which place will be kept a constant supply of CORN, MEAL, HOMMONY, OATS, PEAS, HORSE and COW FOOD.

Persons convenient to the Mill, can get their supplies there.

D. DUPRE, JR.

Successor to T. Smith & Co. Wilmington, N. C., July 24, 1855. 200 BAGS RIO, LAGUAYRA, ST. DOMINGO AND Java, for sale by GEO. HOUSTON.

TANCY PAPERS.—Our assortment of Damask, Riticulated and Plain Colored Note, Bath and Letter Papers, with Envelopes to suit, and Embossed, Enameled, Cream Laid, Buff and White Note, Letter, Card and Bath Papers and Envelopes, is now complete. We can please the most fastidious at S. W. WHITAKER'S.

Wilmington, N. C. Oct. 15th.—[34-tf.]

OFFICE WIL. & WELDON R. R. CO.,
WILMINGTON, 12th October, 1855.

THE [FOLLOWING RESOLUTIONS, passed on the Welcon Rail Road Company, were ordered to be published, viz:

Wholesale Druggists, 45 Market st. BEEF .-- 10 5bls. Chicago Mess Beef, for sale by

HOOP IRON-14 and 14 inch wide, for distillers. RUSSELL & BRO.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!! E are offering great bargains in DOMESTIO AND FANCY DRY GOODS. HEDRICK & RYAN. Oct. 22d. MONGRESS PAPER .- One case each best Cap and Letter Papers, just opened and for sale at Oct. 24th.

S. W. WHITAKER'S.

A MES' SPADES AND SHOVELS.—10 doz. just received from Factory, for sale by GEO. HOUSTON. P R. SUGAR.-10 hbds. for sale by GEO. HOUSTON

QUINIVE : JUST RECEIVED, by Adams & Co's Express, 300 ozs.
Zimmer's German Quinine. For sale by
C. & D. Dupre, Wholesale Druggists, 45 Market st.

DIRECT FROM THE FACTORY, 5 BALES more Just received. BALES more of North Carolina NEGRO CLOTHS.

PLASTERING HAIR .-1000 busbels, in mats and hbds., for sale by GEO. HOUSTON. BALLOU'S PICTORIAL AND THE FLAG OF OUR Union, for Saturday, Oct. 27th, received and for sale at Oct. 24th.

S. W. WHITAKER'S.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS, GAMES, &C.—We are now opening a very large stock of Children's Books, embracing many new and beautiful works suited to all ages. Also, Games, Dissected Maps, Puzzles, &c., in the greatest variety. Oct. 24th.

S. W. WHITAKER.

BUTTER & CHEESE.—10 firkins best Goshen Butter, and 25 boxes sup. Herkimer Cheese, for sale by GEORGE HOUSTON.

THE Subscriber is again forced thus publicly te call upon those indebted to him, for a settlement of their accounts, as he must have money to pay his own debts, and positively cannot wait any longer.

From and after this date, no work will be delivered until settled for. The state of the times absolutely compel him to adopt and adhere to this rule.

June 19, 1855.—[244-42] W. J. CORNWALL.

THE CITIZENS OF THE TOWN ARE HEREBY informed, that in accordance with an Act of the last Legislature of the State, a book is now open at the Commissioners Office and will remain open each day, except Sunday, from 9 o'clock A. M. until sunset, and on Thursdays and Soturdays until 9 o'clock, P. M., to and including the 20th day of November next, for the registration of the names and residences of such persons, inhabitants of the town, as are qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons of the General Assembly—such registration being

\$95 REWARD, RANAWAY IN THE LATTER PART OF

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 4th, 1855.

RANAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, ON the 30th of September, 1855, his negro man "BOB," about 24 years old, light brown color, full middle height, quite likely and intelligent, but not much given to talking. He has some knowledge of the Carpentering business, and may seek work at that, trying to pass as free. It is probable that he may have made his way towards Wilmington, with the view of working there, or of trying to get off North.

The above reward will be given for his return to me or his lodgment in any iail so I can get him. \$25 REWARD.

odgment in any jail so I can get him. Pollocksville, Jones co., N. C., Oct. 10, 1855 .- 30-tf-6-tf

I WILL give the above reward for the apprehension and delivery to me, or for the confinement in jail, of my negro man SIMON and his two sons, PRINCE and JACOB, who left my plantation on the 4th inst. SIMON is about 42 years old, ordinary height, and very black. PRINCE is a tall likely boy—has lost one eye—about 22 years old. JACOB is of low statue, high cheek houses the two latter also ware black. Will give the above bones; the two latter also very black. I will give the above reward for the three, or twenty dollars a piece. The above negroes were all raised by my father on Rocky Point, where they are well known, and will range from there to town.

Oct. 18th.—[37-6t-7-4t.

T. H. LANE.

NIXON'S HOUSE,

NIXON'S HOUSE,

[FORMERLY MRS. BORDEN'S,]

West Side Railroad, Goldsboro', N. C.

THIS EXTENSIVE AND WELL-KNOWN PUBlic Establishment has been purchased and was re-opened by the subscriber for the reception of guests on the 4th inst. It is pleasantly and conveniently situated in the centre of business, and is directly opposite to, and WEST of the Ticket Offices of the Wilmington and Weldon and the Central Railroad Companies, where the cars stop on their arrival and departure, and where FAITHFUL SERVANTS WILL BE IN WAITING to take baggage, and give such other attentions

the House in every respect equal to any in the country. He therefore trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal patronage heretofore extended to this House while under the care of its former proprietress, Mrs. Borden,

who gained for it a celebrity throughout the entire Union. Aug. 17, 1855.—294-1y. H. R. NIXON. CLARENDON IRON WORKS. WILMINGTON, N. C. A. H. VANBOKKELEN, Proprietor. THE subscriber having purchased the entire interest in the "CLARENDON IRON WORKS," solicits orders

Steam Engines of any power or style. Saw Mills of every variety.
Mining Machinery and Pumps.
Grist and Flour Mills complete. Rice Field Pumps and Engines. Leavitt's Corn and Cob Crushers. Rice Threshers.

Shingle Machines. Shafting, Hangers and Pullies. Cotton Gins and Gearing. Iron Castings of all kinds and patterns. Brass do do do do Locomotive and Tubular Boilers. Flue and Plain Cylinder Boilers. Blacksmiths' Work of all kinds.

Iron Doors for Houses and Jails. The Establishment having been reorganized for the express purpose of insuring punctuality in the execution of all orders, the public may rest satisfied that any work which may offer will be promptly delivered according to promise, may ofter will be promptly delivered according to promise, and of such workmanship as cannot fail to give satisfaction.

THE MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT being in charge of men of talent and experience, I have no hesitation in saying, that the work hereafter turned out shall compare favorably in every respect with that of the mest celebrated in the States, and at prices which will make it to the interest of all in want to send me their orders.

REPAIR WORK always done without delay; and having a large force for that purpose, it will prove advantageous

REPAIR WORK always done without delay; and naving a large force for that purpose, it will prove advantageous to any person needing such, to give me the preference, without regard to expense of sending the same from a distance.

Orders will be addressed to "Clarendon Iron Works," Wilmington, N. C.

A. H. VANBOKKELEN.

"Resolved, That a Dividend of 3½ per cent from the profits of the Company during the past six months, be paid to the Stockholders on the 15th November next, and that the bal-Stockholders on the 15th November next, and that the balance of such profits be appropriated as a sinking fund for the payment of the debts of the Company."

"ORDERED, That the Books for the transfer of the Stock of the Company be closed on the 25th inst.

JAMES S. GREEN, Sec'y.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOL-DERS of the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road Com-pany, will be held in this Town on the Second Thursday, (8th) November next.

JAMES S. GREEN, Sec'y.
Wilmington, Goldsboro', Halifax, Weldon and Tarboro'
papers please copy till 15 Nov. Also, Raleigh Register and
Standard and Norfolk Beacon. 34-t15N. CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES. JUST RECEIVED from Northern markets, a large and well selected stock of FRESH GROCERIES, WINES,

LIQUORS, &c., &c., which the subscriber offers at the lowest prices, at wholesale and retail. The stock embraces each and every variety of articles kept in the GROCERY line.

Having received a patronage so flattering and liberal from my numerous customers, I am determined to use every exertion to give entire satisfaction, and trust to merit a continuation of past favors.

WM. L. S. TOWNSHEND,
Oct. 23d.
No. 20 Market Street.

[Herald & Com. copy.] "EAT, DRINK, AND BE MERRY."

JUST RECEIVED-400 hs. Dried Beef-very fine; 4 doz. Smoked Tongues-large size; 20 bbls. Irish Potatoes;

40 boxes Codfish;
6 bbls. Red Onions;
6 "White do.; 6 " Beets; 25 bags Rio Coffee; 20 mats Java do.; 10 bags Laguira Coffee; 2 bbls. Pickled Salmon; 6 " Mackerel;

100 bags Table Salt; 100 sacks Liverpool Salt; 20 doz. Pickles-assorted 20 doz. Fickies—assorted;
Yeast Powders—Pepper Sauce—Catsup, &c.
Also, a fresh supply of Foreign and Domestic Liquors and
Wines. For sale cheap for cash by
JONES & FOYLES,

STEAMER "SPRAY" FOR SMITHVILLE. THE U. S. Mail Steamer "SPRAY,"
JOHN B. PRICE, Master, will leave Wilming-JOHN B. PRICE, Master, will leave Wilmington for Smithville, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons at 2½ o'clock. Leave Smithville for Wilmington on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings, at 6 o'clock. Passage, One Dollar; Children and Servants half price. Freight at customary rates. Apply to Captain on board, r to A. H. VANBOKKELEN,

No. 5 South Wharves. June 13, 1855. MARBLE MONUMENT AND IRON RAILING AGENCY.

The citizens will bear in mind, that, by the terms of the Law, they cannot vote for Commissioner unless their names are registered at least one month before the day of election, which will be on the 2th December. By order.

Oct. 18, 1855.—37-tf

RICHMOND COUNTY PLAINES.

NOTHER lot of all wool Plaines—is the best article for Nogro clething to be found—inst treesived by

JUST RECEIVED AT THE HARDWARE STORE-Preserving Kettles,—all sizes.
Cut Nails—all sizes and extra quality.
Safety-Fuse, for blasting rocks.
Hay, Straw and Shuck Cutters—the be

stituted for reasons, and what has been the result? pushing her foot into the white satin. Democrotic party has withstood all the storms of fa- careless fellow ! cause its principles were those of the Constitution, once.

WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY, OCT. 22, 1855.

FIRE AT RICHMOND .- A fire broke out in Richmond Va., about 2 o'clock on the morning of Thursday last, in the workshop of Mr. J.'A. Belvin, Furniture dealer, in rear of his warehouse on Governor Street, between Main and Franklin. Before it was subdued, Mr. Belvin's Furniture and buildings were destroyed .-Loss estimated at \$20,000; insured for seven. The Carpenter shop of Mr. James Yarrington and the turning shop of Mr. Stephen Childress were also soon destroyed. Loss to each about \$500, no insurance. The fire spread to the workshops of Messrs. Charles D. Yale and Samuel Sutherland and to a building owned by the Fire Association and occupied by the Young Guard. The loss at this point was not heavy. It was soon discovered that the large and handsome building on 13th Street, recently put up by Mr. Wm Ritter and occupied by Mr. S. W. Harwood, as a Furniture warehouse, was burning inside. The fire had already made considerable progress and was beyond control. The building with its contents was destroyed. Mr. Ritter was insured for \$8,000 which will near about cover his loss. Mr. Harwood had an insurance of \$13,000 on his stock, valued at \$18,000.

During the progress of the fire, a chimney fell on Mr. A. Arsell, Sr., one of the newly appointed firewardens of the City, breaking three of his ribs, fracturing his left leg above the ankle and otherwise injuring him. His recovery is considered doubtful .- as a sign of blustering, stormy weather. " A rain-

European Finances---Harder Times Coming. Consols at 871 and falling, and Bank rates at 51 and rising, are unerring indications of commercial stringency in England. This price for consols is some three per cent. lower than the lowest point before the capture of Sebastopol. Indeed, the fall of ness of money, occasioned by the large demands for the war, the Turkish Loan, and the anticipated scarcity of food, more than counterbalance all the beneficial effects of any partial successes in the Crimea. France is feeling the pressure quite as much, if not more than England. But then she has the consolation, so dear to her people, of glory, while England has not. The position of the English army is hereafter to be still more secondary. General Pelissier is to take the field for active operations. General Simpson, of the British, and General Marmora, of in the Bank of England. It now stands at 51 per the Sardinian armies, are simply to hold defensive cent. positions. The English people must soon get sick of the figure they are making at so great an expense .-There can be little doubt but that Russia feels the ef-

folks prognosticate.

the present European war, how long it will be, at killed and 7 wounded. the present rate, before the burdens of debt imposed fectual attempt to turn his left fla on the Governments of England and France will be beyon the power of the people to stand up under secret expedition. The destination was supposed to at all. England has already added some thirty mil. be Nicolaieff or Odessa. threatens to add as much more, and as the war progresses and its theatre widens, it is reasonable to suppose that its expenses will rather increase than decrease. Indeed, the success of the allies by enabling them to advance farther into the heart of Russia would take them farther from the sea, which is the base of their operations, and consequently increase the expense of transporting supplies and munitions from the country they may occupy; the desolating policy of the Russians is too well known for that. If they have to retreat they will leave behind them only a barren waste. The British taxation during ily, in his residence near Carthagena. the present fiscal year amounts to three hundred great the amount in France is we can hardly say .- it was thought would be got off. by the war, for several reasons, the main one being arms, commissariat, etc., really meant something, and were fit for service, unlike the British, which was a Texas for further assistance in his efforts to extermiwell during a series of years. England went in unprepared, rather impeded than benefitted by her miserable system-going into a pushed market and materiel, through the imbecility of worn-out routine. here to-day. France also gets men cheaper. She drafts them by means of the conscription. England goes about the world begging them, at any price, and can't get them grounds were well crowded. small, and she has no such dread of increasing it as work, etc., is very fine, and far surpasses any previpresses on her awfully over-burdened neighbor, and, ous display made here. therefore, has depended more on loans than on in- with visitors. The Hotels are crowded to overflow-

yearly taxes, raised from her already over-burdened tice Col. Braxten Bragg, of the U. S. A., Ex-Goversubjects, for to that this progressive increase of her nor Wm. A. Graham, Ex-Senator Badger, the Hon. indebtedness amounts, while in the case of France Mr. Dockery, Hon. Kenneth Raynor, Hon. Thomas it is nearer fifteen than five millions? The point Ruffin, and many others. must soon be reached at which lies bankruptcy, revolution, or peace. Five, nay three years will bring things to a pass tending to drive capital to the United States, and capitalists and manufacturers and workmen. This war cannot exist ten years as a great war. It is financially impossible. It must cease or degenerate into a mere blockade.

We have taken less account of the financial condition of Russia. That, too, must be bad. The war the Sun. The Telegraph says that Miller, the acmust be terribly exhausting. The mere abstract cused, had been a frequenter at Dr. Hadel's, and this tion of labor from the fields is exhausting in the caused him to be suspected as the author of the extreme, and this exhaustion is not to be measured by the fact that a box, belonging to him, and found simply by the number of men and horses actually at the house where he was arrested, was discovered, counted as being in the military service. This is not on being broken open, to contain the doctor's hat, arhalf nor third of it. So scattered is the empire that ticles of his clothing, medical books with his name of every force dispatched to the seat of war, one with the key of his office. The office of the deceased third, on average, fails to reach it. Without any was also found in great disorder, having evidently thing worth being called roads, with a territory so been robbed on Sunday night. Subsequently the sparsely settled, the conveyance of supplies and military stores absorbes the labor of men and oxen in once recognized. It was found lying by the side of whole provinces, while the passage of an army eats the turnpike, about four miles from town, and near Monday, November 5, State officers and five repreup the supplies upon which the peasantry depend. the spot where the railroad of the Cumberland Coal sentatives to Congress. New York, Tuesday, No-This state of things combined with the rigorous block- and Iron Company crosses the turnpike. The teleade must tell fearfully even upon Russia. In fact, although there is a sort of truth in the remark atthough there is a sort of truth in the remark atthough there is a sort of truth in the remark that nately, it has been resolved to allow the law to take officers and legislature. Maryland, Wednesday, No-Russia is inexhaustible in men and labor and the its course. The grand jury commenced the exami-Allies in money, still, this must be taken with many grains of allowance. The present tension cannot be kept up many years by either party without many grains of the kept up many years by either party without many grains of the kept up many years by either party without men and labor and the list course. The grand jury commenced the examination of the course and labor and the list course. The grand jury commenced the examination of the course study stated to season of the course of the c not be kept up many years by either party without very delicate—has black hair and large black whis

Christopher Robbins was tried at the late Wilkes and speaks but little English .- Baltimore Sun, Superior Court, Judge Baily presiding, for the murder of his slave Jim, and convicted and sentenced to death. He has appealed to the Supreme Court.

Raleigh Standard.

Where is He? Who is He? What is He? We want to find the man, woman or child that drew the prize-the man, woman or child that is to receive \$2,000—the individual that held 3406 in Jasper tiful grounds, contiguous to Raleigh, this day at 10 County Academy Lottery, Class F. That individual o'clock, A. M. is said to be a resident of Wilmington. N. C. He is a millionaire—the millionaire of the day. Two thousand dollars !- we are excited, and are becoming We cannot raise our mind to the full appreciation. contemplation and realization of two thousand dollars in hand, all our own. We never expect to get and gifted sons of North Carolina, such as Ex-Gov that much together at one time, and if ever we should, it would only be for the purpose of paying prize. Who did? It's his treat.

THE MILK IN THE COCOA-NUT .- At the recent election in California, Saguenay County, with twelve spacious grounds my attention was first directed to thousand inhabitants, polled thirteen thousand and the stock, and highly gratified I was to behold such ninety votes. In one parish containing 400 inhabi- handsome specimens of horses and cattle. tants, the inspectors returned 4,000 votes. Pretty fair. California went for the K. N.'s. By the way, the fine gray stallion "John Randolph," owned by it seems that Mr. Stanly, formerly of this State went Solomon Briant, of _____ county; then came a for instead of against the K. N.'s as had been at first splendid Morgan stallion, a deep chesnut sorrel, exreported. He was not elected. We had hoped better things of Mr. S., but it would appear that his bitter opposition to democracy carried all before it.

A RAINBOW IN THE MORNING .-- All the world over. we believe! that a rainbow in the morning is regarded George Fox, a colored man, belonging to Mr. Wins- bow at night, the sailor's delight; a rainbow in the ton, was hit by a brick, and his skull fractured. The morning, the sailor's forewarning," used to be the fire is believed to have been the work of an incen- old rhyme. We noticed the rather unusual phe- and most attractive manner, and seems to be as subnine o'clock to-day, and certainly the weather looks been fixed at \$550. as if inclined to act "accordin."-Daily Jour., 20th. It will be seen that the Cape Fear Bank has declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. The omission in the advertisement as first published in the Herald, was of course a clerical or typographithat place seems to have had no effect in arresting the cal error. Such things will occur occasionally. We downward tendency of public securities. The tight- like to see somebody make money these times. The Cape Fear appears to be very safely and prudently mana ged.

> ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER ATLANTIC. Seven Days Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18 .- The American mail steamer Atlantic arrived at 83 o'clock this morning, bringing

217 passengers. The Ericsson arrived at Cowes on Friday and the Arago at Southampton on the same day. There has been a further advance of discount rates

A collision is anticipated between the western powers and Greece on account of the bombast and

Russian proclivities of the latter. The food question is still occupying serious attenfects of the war very severely. All the belligerents

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.—Sebastopol is to be must begin to look for peace as a necessity of exist-

ence. But, of course, that peace is not immediately that purpose. at hand, but yet it cannot be years off, as some wise Gortschakoff's army is threatened by large forces of the allies from Eupatoria and Baikar. On the 29th September the Russians were defeated by the How Long.-It is something of an element to be French cavalry, near Eupatoria, with a loss of 50 taken into account in connection with the duration of killed and 150 prisoners. The French loss was 6

> On the 3d October Gortschakoff reported an inef-The allied fleet had sailed from Balaklava for the

The Russians seem to be determined to prosecute lions of pounds to her enormous national debt of some the campaign in a vigorous manner. The Czar had eight hundred millions, funded and unfunded. France arrived at Odessa, and issued an encouraging address has added sixty-six millions, and the current year to the Russian people. He was shortly to proceed was Auburn, and that he was from Boston, Massa- manner, he decided that the indignity thus offered,

> Arrival of the Empire City. NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- The Empire City arrived here yesterday, bringing 1,395,832 in gold dust. information respecting an American in prison.

one was returned unopened. The consul had pubof war, for, we may be sure that they can draw none lished a protest, and sent information to the commanwhich was on the coast. That vessel was expected scon at Panama to take the matter in hand. Gen. Santa Anna is safely installed, with his fam-

The brig Caroline, of Baltimore, loaded with pro-

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 16 .- Galveston dates to the enemy finally retreated, and Capt. Gallahan calls on morning.

RALEIGH, Oct. 16, 8 P. M. The Third Annual Fair and Cattle Show of the paying double and losing half of her dear-bought North Carolina State Agricultural Society, opened Though only members of the Society, and a few

privileged characters are admitted the first day, the The exhibition of Cattle, agricultural productions, then. The national debt of France is comparatively implements, poultry, fine arts, fruits, flowers, needle-

Great interest is manifested, and the city is thronged

ing already, yet it is thought thousand will be added But the question returns—how long can England to the company to-morrow. They will be all well keep addding annually five millions of dollars to the Among the distinguished gentlemen present, I no-

The Annual Address will be delivered on Thurs-Jay, by Judge Ruffin. I have never seen the city look so gay, and to-

night nearly every house is brilliantly illuminated. Gov. Bragg's mansion is crowded with visiters.

THE LATE TRAGEDY NEAR CUMBERLAND, MD .-The Cumberland Telegraph has an account of the terrible murder of Dr. Hadel and Henry Graeff, but it contains very few facts not already mentioned in bloody deed. The suspicion was further confirmed ruin. The War must either languish or come to an end, or ruin or revolution will be the consequence. kers, covering almost his entire face. He is a German, and has been but a short time in this country.

> 93- There has been snow North, even extending as far South as St. Louis, Mo., where they had a snow storm on the 5th. Comfortable, very.

Correspondence of Petersburg Express RALEIGH, Oct. 16, P. M. The Third Annual Exhibition of the North Carolina State Agricultural Society opened on the beau-

A large number of visitors from every portion of the State have reached the city, many of whom were conveyed here by the trains of the Raleigh and Gas. ton, and North Carolina Central Railroads, while more so. What might be the result were we the multitudes availed themselves of their own conveylucky holder of the lucky number, no man can tell. ances, such as carriages, carts, wagons, &c., on the recurrence of the great Fair of their dear old State.

Among the vast number who thronged the Fair grounds, I observed many of the most distinguished Graham, Ex-Senator Badger, Hons. Alfred Dockery, Calvin Graves, Kenneth Rayner, Thomas Ruffin, Col Braxton Bragg and many others, lending their counit out almost the next minute. We didn't draw the tenance and support to the praiseworthy objects contemplated in the holding of these annual fairs.

I had only time to take a cursory glance at the nu-

I first noticed a beautiful brood chesnut sorrel mare, exhibited by Paul Cameron, of Orange; next hibited by F. M. Parker, of Halifax, N. C.; then followed quite a large number of specimens of fine cattle, sheep, hogs, calves, &c., &c., which to particularize might render my communication unnecessarily long and tedious.

In the carriage department I saw some of the most beautiful buggies and carriages that can possibly be found in our Southern country. I must particularly refer to a splendid top-buggy, constructed and exhibited by Nelson & Doughty, of Greenville, Pitt co., N. C. It is finished and furnished in the richest nomenon of a morning rainbow, between eight and stantial as beautiful. The price of this buggy has

> There were also two elegantly constructed close family carriages, the manufacturers of which are Southern men, resident in this State. One of these, carriages was manufactured by Messrs. Dibble & Bro., of Kinston, and the other by A. McKethan, of Fayetteville. The Messrs. Dibble propose to sell their magnificent vehicle for the round sum of \$1250; the seemingly high price of which will give your readers some faint idea, at least, of its gorgeousness and elegance.

I wish I had time to refer to other interesting arti- gerously wounded. cles on exhibition in the various departments of the The Trouble between the U.S. Consul at Panama Fair. There was much to interest and engage the attention of the visitors. The farmers, especially, were viewing with no ordinary satisfaction the variety of agricultural implements that were scattered profusely in the area of the extensive Park, while the poultry, vegetables, fancy rigeons, English rabbits, &c., were by no means slighted. The men, women and children-all-all are intent on seeing the wonders, and gaily and happy do they appear.

It is expected that many more visitors will reach the beautiful City of Oaks to-morrow, and that numerous other articles will be conveyed to the grounds for exhibition. The venerable Ex-Chief Justice Ruffin is to deliver the Annual Address on Thursday morning, and no doubt a rich treat is in store for his numerous auditors.

There are quite a number of amusements announce ed for the entertainment of those who attend such exhibitions, but as your correspondent takes but little interest in such matters, he will not be expected to refer to their merits or demerits.

I am snugly quartered at the City Hotel, and find t to be indeed a comfortable house of entertainment. It is eligibly located on Fayetteville street, and is one

VISITOR. then, a lieu.

a young man, a stranger, who stated that his name make to the authorities, would be treated in a similar chusetts, came to this city and sought and obtained work at the cabinet establishment of Messrs. Binford own Government, and as would not admit of his & Porter, as a designer and carver. After working holding any further communication with the aua few days, and proving himself a first rate carver, thorities of New Granada. The protest was read by In consequence of a slight offered to the United and earning \$38, which were paid him, he rented a the Consul to a number of his countrymen who were States consul at Panama by the local governor, the house on Main street near 22d street, and employed present to witness the proceeding, and simultaneously former had struck his flag. The consul applied for a carpenter to fit the same up for a grocery, oyster therewith it was forwarded to the Jefe Superior, and and drinking house. He also employed a young the flag of the United States was hauled down from man to assist him in the grocery, which was to be opened on Monday (to-day.) On Friday night last,
Auburn was arrested on a charge of enticing away

We learn that the consul has sent information of der of the United States sloop-of-war Massachusetts, and harboring two negre men, belonging to Messrs. this proceeding to the commander of the sloop-of-which was on the coast. That vessel was expected Jesse Williams and James H. Grant, and who had war Massachusetts, now on this coast, and that this disappeared a few days previous. The time of arrest vessel may very soon be expected here, to remain for was about 12 o'clock Friday night, and was effected the protection of Americans until the affair is settled; by the police, who stationed themselves around Au- and we have satisfaction in stating that the course burn's house, and awaited his return, which was at pursued by the consul is considered by his countryvisions and cars for the Panama Railroad Company, the late hour named. He resisted the officers with men here as the only one he could adopt, and is and sixty millions of dollars, or thereabouts. How went ashore on Point Margarita on the 26th ult , but pistol and bowie-knife in hand, but was overpower- highly approved of by them; and that those of the ed and taken to the cage. On his way to prison he native population, who have been made cognizant Taxation in France has not been as largely increased Later from Texas drew from his pocket a phial of strychnine, and with the facts as they really are, feel mortified and drank a portion of it, and spit out a mouthful of the indignant at the outrage which has been committed poison in the face of the officers who had him in that under every change and revolution she has uni- 14th have been received. Captain Gallahan, of the charge. Two physicians were immediately called to formly adhered to the rule of in peace preparing for Texas Rangers, has had a battle with a party of sev- his relief, but he died from the effects of the strychwar. Her military organization-equipments, drill, en hundred Mexicans and Indians, in which four nine about two hours after swallowing it; and the is now in prison at Panama, under a charge of breach Texans and forty of the enemy were killed. The Coroner held an inquest over his body Saturday of trust, preferred against him by Mr. G M. Totten,

The charge on which he was arrested was satissystem of anstocratic shams. France drew on the nate the Indians, who avow their intention to kill factorily established as follows: He had received resources she had prudently prepared cheaply and as they go all with whom they meet. Another at- about \$100 from the two negro men, under a promise an extract of a letter from the acting consul at Astack from them was expected. The battle above re- to convey them to the North, and had concealed ferred to occurred at Eagle Pass, on the 4th instant. them in the third story of his house, preparatory to tion, it having beer decided that Hunter should pay sending them away. One of the negroes having complained of being unwell, he gave him what he said was a dose of medicine, but which was no doubt struchnine, as the negro died soon after taking the a portion in cash, and gave security and notes (not dose. Auburn then dug a grave in his cellar, and with the assistance of the other negro, buried his murdered subject, first cutting his throat, ripping he returned the consul's letter because it contained a open his abdomen, and horribly mutilating the body disrespectful intimation against him, and also because in other places. This was done, it is supposed, to it was not in his power to settle such business, it prevent the negro from recovering from the effects having been reserved by treaty to the General Govof the strychuine. These bloody scenes occurring ernment. The Governor subsequently sent in his before the eyes of the other negro, naturally produced much alarm and uneasiness in his mind, consequently, he embraced the first opportunity to escape from confinement, which he did by leaping knew about this most singular and horrible transacothers engaged in the business of running off slaves, but no accomplices have yet been detected.

Auburn was a young man of genteel appearance designer, to earn from \$5 to \$8 a day. He gave as a means to leave America. family from the North, to reside with him in this city .- Richmond Dispatch.

Douglas and Trumbull, the two Senators of Illinois, recently met at Salem, in that State. The former requested the latter to state the issue between them, and discuss it before the people. Trumbull made a rambling speech, shunning the issue altogether. He got a merciless skinning, of course .-The crowd testified their gratification by the loudest applause. In reply to the gasconade of the Fusion-ists, Douglas proposed to Trumbull that they should both resign and leave the Legislature, to be elected Mountains, and this fall, to choose two Senators who should properly represent them. Trumbull declined that proposition.

A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush, he thinks, and he is not mistaken that a resignation

would be the end of his Senatorial life. THE ELECTIONS STILL TO COMEIN 1855 .- Louisi ana votes on Monday, November, 5, for State officers vember 6, State officers, but no Governor or Lieut, officer. Massachusetts, November 6, Governor, State

tions of Know Nothing Principles.

A special election was held in the nineteenth ward Baltimore yesterday, to supply the vacancy in the upper council of that city occasioned by the death Mr. W. G. Baker (democrat). The following, which we copy from the Baltimore Republican of last evening, will enable the reader to form some idea as to what the result is likely to be:

"As we go to press, we learn that the most outraeous proceedings are being carried on by the rowlies and minions of know-nothingism in the nineteenth ward, where an election is being held to fill a vacancy occasioned by the death of Wm. Geo. Baker.

"The Mount Vernon Hook and Ladder Company ook possession of the polis, crowding out the Demo. cratic challengers and preventing a large number of naturalized citizens from voting. In one case a naturalized citizen succeeded in getting in his vote, but immediately the ruffians around the window cried out, 'Kill the d-d Dutch son of a b-,' when he was knocked down and carried out.

"Another old man, named Myers, who has been voter for thirty years, and is sixty years of age, was knocked down three times, and deprived of voting. Messrs. Eggleston, Maguire, and others who were quietly looking on and molesting no one, were knocked down. Among the most active participants in these outrages are found city watchmen, among whom, we are told, are John English, John Coates, James Wardell, John Stichter and Mr. McComas. It is said that Mayor Hink's police are on the ground, quietly seeing these things, arresting none but democrats who may attempt to defend their rights. Among the most active in scouring the city, in a hack, hunting voters, is the clerk of the jail.

"Is this the admirable police arrangement of May. or Hinks for the preservation of the rights of our citizens and the peace of the city. Fine arrangements, truly! Our people should hold the mayor of the city responsible for these outrages; it was in his power to prevent them, but he refused to do so. "The way things are going on we have no doubt

of the defeat of Mr. Hack; his opponent, however, should not be allowed to take his seat." Since the above was in type, we have received the

following telegraphic despatch:
BALTIMORE, Oct. 18 — Nine o'clock .-- At the spe cial election held in the 19th ward to-day to fill a vacancy in the council, Garrison (the know-nothing candidate) was elected by seventy-six majority.-There has been terrible fighting throughout the whole of the afternoon. Half a dozen men were shot. A man named Boss Konig was killed, and others dan-

and the Governor.

The fact that Thomas W. Wood, Esq., United States Consul at Panama, had struck his flag in consequence of an insult offered by the governor of the the province has already been briefly mentioned. The facts in the case are thus given in the Panama Star, of the 2d inst.:

The consul applied some days ago to the Jefe superior for certain information respecting an American then in prison, and was informed that that officer was unable to attend to his duties on account of rheumatism, and, moreover, that he had not the required information in his possession, as the case was in the hands of the governor, and could not be procured for two or three days. In order to avoid all possible delay, the consul then wrote to the governor on the subject, and the governor handed the letter to the induring which time it is presumed the governor had consulted with the jefe superior, the letter was returned to the consul unanswered.

Another letter was then addressed by the Consul to the Governor, also embodied in the protest, desiring to know, in writing, why his first letter was It would give me pleasure to write at greater length, but I am admonished to see that my letter is closes in a short time. You may expect to hear This return of both his communications, without any from me again in time for your Friday's issue. Till explanation, was of course considered by the Consul as an intentional and pointed insult, not to himself. MURDER AND SUICIDE.—About three weeks since, concluded that any further application he might was such as should be promptly brought before his

on the consul.

It appears from the consul's protest that the name of the imprisoned American is Wm. H. Hunter, who and is about to be sent to Aspinwall, there to be kent in prison until a judgment be given in the case by the anthorities of that place. Mr. Ward shows by pinwall that the affair had been settled by arbitraa man named Callaghan, to whom he was indebted, \$3.000. To this Callaghan, in the presence of the acting consul agreed, whereupon Hunter paid him a

yet matured) for the balance. The Governor has written a letter explaining that

What they think of Know Nothingism in Germany. A Hamburg newspaper has the following: Not from a window in the third story of the house. He then returned to his master, and revealed all he watchword. By each of the vessels returning to Hamburg, Bremen, and other ports of Europe, swarms tion. It is believed Auburn was in league with of emigrants are returning, who report dreadful pictures of the things in North America. An entire want of profitable business, murders, manslaughters, &c., are the order of the day, and these are consider and manners, and had capacities, as a carver and designer to earn from \$5 to \$8 a day. He gave as a means to leave America. When a vessel is returnreason for renting a house and opening a grocery, ing to Europe, thousands of emigrants stand stragthe expected visit of his mother and some of her gling on the wharves lamenting and crying to be rescued from their misery. The reports given by those who return account for the emigration so much decreasing in comparison with former years. The emigration business has been so much reduced that a good many have closed their offices.

> THE RUMORED MASSACRE OF GOV. STEVENS .- The report of the murder of Gov. Stevens, of Washington Territory, and his party, by the Blackfeet Indians, is not credited by his friends in Boston, the Post of The Blackfeets are upon this side of the Rocky

> Mountains, and the rumor must have travelled nine hundred miles, through a number of Indian tribes .-Gov. Stevens was received very hospitably by this tribe, and passed through their midst when upon his railroad survey. Besides, the government have sent a large quantity of goods for presents for these Indians at the council which was to be held. These goods were sent several months since up the Missouri, and probably reached the council ground before Gov. Stevens and his party. The last advices from Gov. Stevens are of July 16th, and he was then two hundred and fifty miles from Fort Benton, where the council was to be held.

THE HARBOR OF NICHOLAIEFF.-The interest which tormerly attached to Sebastopol is now being give him the increased pay of Lieutenant General. other Sebastopol. By some authorities the river is farmers fram the Willamette valley to emigrate thither accounting officers of the Treasury are now en said to be so shallow as not to allow of large vessels er. There are also gold fields in that section of coungaged in settling upon the amount of back pay due up to the present time, which will account for the delay.

Said to be so shallow as not to allow of large vessels try, and if public expectations in regard to them are floods; by others the channel is said to be frozen four to six fathoms deep.

Said to be so shallow as not to allow of large vessels try, and if public expectations in regard to them are floods; by others the channel is said to be frozen ple would be found there within a month.

NOTICE.

A LL PERSONS ARE HEREBY FOREWARNED try, and if public expectations in regard to them are floods; by others the channel is said to be frozen ple would be found there within a month.

Sept. 20, 1855.—3-tf

From the Columbus (Ohio) Statesman of Oct. 13. NOTHER LETTER FROM GOV. SHANNON.—The following letter, which we find in the Richland Shield and Banner, was written by Gov. Shannon to Andrew H. Patterson, Esq., of that county. It is son-drew H. Patterson, Esq., of that county. It is son-clusive, and places the base conspirators who have who, it will be remembered is the misrepresented him in no very enviable position. EXECUTIVE OFFICE,

SHAWNEE MISSION, K. T., Sept. 26, 1855.

My Dear Sir :— Your favor of the 18th inst. this moment received, stating that you had seen a as we have done, we give publicity to a transl report going the rounds " that I addressed the citi- of it. zens of Westport, Mo., on my way to Kansas, and that in my speech at that place I gave assurances that in my official position as Governor of Kansas, I would use my exertions to promote the interests of navigators of every nation are indebted to your zeal slavery in the Territory, and, if necessary to further and your talents, attracted my attention Recently ple of Missouri to assist and support me."

no other way to reply to it but to denounce it as joice, sir, to present you with a testimonial of my such. There is but one truth in the statement of the esteem; but, knowing the laws of your country report, and that is, I made a speech—a very short which do not permit you to accept anything from for report, and that is, I made a speech a very suits eign princes, I must confine myself to the expres. one—before I reached Kansas. Now, westport is on the line, or within half a mile of it, between Mission of my sentiments. They are as exalted as your marits; and in my official canasity. on the line, or within half a mile of it, between this souri and Kansas Territory, and it is two and a half own merits; and, in my official capacity, I may say miles from the Shawnee Methodist Mission, where I to you that you do honor to the profession to which am located at this time, and where the temporary seat of Government for the Territory is established. For thirty miles west and twenty-five miles south, the Shawnee Indian Reserve extends, in which, except esteem. at this Methodist Mission, no whites are allowed to settle. The consequence is, that everybody coming Maury, who, we feel well convinced, has been reinto the Territory at this point, stops at Westport, in Missouri. I did so in common with everybody else-got into the place about sundown and remained next day, which was Sunday, and came out here Monday morning. On Saturday evening the citizens called in front of the public house at which I stopped, and desired to give me a welcome to the country.-In making my appearance before them, of course, I made them a short speech, in the course of which I took occasion to say to them expressly that I did not intend, nor would they expect me on that occasion to discuss the question of slavery. This was the only allusion to the subject-that I left that to be determined as provided in the Kansas bill.

This whole story, except that I made a speech in Westport, is an out and out fabrication; substantially the same story has been put in circulation in the East, and the Leavenworth Herald of this Territory, croft, the historian, was present, and responded with a strong and powerful pro-slavery paper, meets the charge fully, and states my position since my arrival in that Territory with entire accuracy. I would send you a copy, but I have sent the only copy I had to tion on the king's mountain that all the rebels out of another friend—the truth is the abolition papers had hell cannot drive me from." Yet, though he had represented me not only as a pro-slavery man, but over 1100 men, he had to yield to a smaller Amerias a slavery propagandist before I entered the Ter- can force. Before Capt. Dupoister, who succeeded ritory. It is necessary to make Governor Reeder a Ferguson after he was killed, surrendered, the Bri. martyr in the cause of liberty. The abolitionists are tish had lost 225 killed; 180 were wounded, and running him for Congress. It is represented that he 700 taken prisoners, with 1500 stand of arms and an was turned out of office on account of his free soil views and to propitiate the South, and this position could be made to gull no one, if a free soiler, or one who was even neutral on the subject, had been appointed as his successor. Hence the absolute necessity of making me a strong pro-slavery man, sent Preston, brother of the orator, was present at the out to aid that interest and to gratify the South .-This was the ground taken before I arrived at Westport, and it answers a most convenient purpose, especially on the eve of the Ohio and Pennsylvania elections, where it cannot be contradicted before the

elections take place. It is convenient for the anti-administration papers in the free States, because it gives them a chance to terpreter for translation. After a delay of four days, assail the administration. It is convenient for the Abotitionists, because it gives them material with which to agitate the public mind on the subject of slavery and abuse the South. It is convenient to Gov. Reeder, as it enables him to retire as a martyr in the cause of freedom, entirely exhonerated from all charges of non-feasance, mis-feasance, or mal-feasance in office. The only objection I have to it is, that it out this realm, but also on the continent. In every is utterly false, and places the administration as well as myself in a false position. But I must close.— This is a good country, and in my opinion the people, take them as a whole, are more orderly than they are receiving from \$1 to \$1 25 per day. There is a are in Ohio. They have as much reason for holding meetings to take into consideration the state of affairs in Ohio, as they have in that State to hold meetings to take into consideration things in Kansas.

Your friend, WILSON SHANNON.
A. H. PATTERSON, Esq.

The Crampton Case.

Among the most extraordinary disclosures to which the investigation into the British foreign legion recruiting cases has given birth, we must class the confession made by H. Hertz, in the U. S. District Court prevalent that the project was abandoned. So far on Friday. Assuming this confession to be true, we have no alternative left us to doubt that Mr. Cramp- New York Journal of Commerce says, are sanguine ton has been instrumental, if not in directly break- of success, and only await the return of another ing, at least in evading the laws of the country to warm season to repeat their endeavors, as the months which he has been seit as diplomatic agent.

resentative of a foreign power, it is the strictest possible observance of the laws of the country to which he is sent. Should the law be obsolete-should every circumstance combine to induce the belief that an infraction of the law would be winked at-it is still his solemn and sacred duty to observe it in the strictest possible manner. In the case in questionassuming as we have before said, the truth of Mr. Assuming as we have before said, the truth of Mr. Corn is quiet. Provisions—beef is in considerable demand. Hertz's confession—there is no shadow of excuse for disregarding the law by which the raising of troops bacon. Pork is in moderate demand. Spirits of Turpen for the use of foreign powers is prohibited. A jealous and earnest desire to preserve our neutrality, and a strong popular opposition to any such proceeding as this levying of troops, has been from the begin ning of the present European war so decidedly manifested on the part of the people of the United States, that it is impossible for Mr. Crampton to plead our indifference as a partial excuse. The secrecy with which this gentleman and his allies are alleged to have covered their proceedings in this matter, and as stated by Hertz, would of itself sufficiently establish heir consciousness of guilt. The office of a minister is often beset by difficulties, and its incumbent frequently finds himself in dilemmas of the most perplexing nature. But these should never, on any imaginable occasion, result from the breaking, or from the evasion of an established law. Such conduct implies an arrogant disregard of diplomatic courtesy on the part of a minister on the one hand and a fellower; with mode.

Schr. J. S. Levering, Corson, from New York, to J. Schr. J. S. Wilson, Hallock, 5 days from New York, to J. Schr. J. S. Wilson, Hallock, 5 days from New York, to J. Schr. J. S. Levering, Corson, from New York, to T. C. Worth; with mdze.

Schr. J. S. Levering, Corson, from New York, to J. Schr. J. S. Levering, Corson, from New York, to J. Schr. J. S. Levering, Corson, from New York, to J. Schr. J. S. Wilson, Hallock, 5 days from New York, to J. Schr. J. S. Wilson, Hallock, 5 days from New York, to J. Schr. J. S. Levering, Corson, from New York, to J. Schr. J. S. Wilson, Hallock, 5 days from New York, to J. Schr. J. S. Wilson, Hallock, 5 days from New York, to J. Schr. J. S quently finds himself in dilemmas of the most peron the part of a minister on the one hand, and a Brig. Louisa Sears, Kelly, from Boston, to J. H. Charles render the guilty party equally offensive and pitiable Such—if the Hertz avowal be true—is the position now occupied by Mr. Crampton. Nothing would gratify us more than his thorough exculpation, for an optimal is we presume more disagreeable to the management. Story of the management of the other interest of the management of the other interest of the management of the other interest of the other interest of the management of the other interest, which is bourn & Co.; with midze.

Schr. Angeline, Walker, from Beaufort, N. C., for George town, S. C., to Geo. Harriss; with fish, &c. On Wednesday, 17th inst., P. M., 7 hours out, earried away foremast, and put into this port for repairs.

20—Steamer Flora McDonald, Evans from Fayetteville, in the other interests. nothing is, we presume, more disagreeable to the majority of our readers, than the thought that England, in defiance of our laws, has instructed her agents to violate them-a thought, which unfortunately receives not a little support from the fact that British agents, employed in similar pursuits, have been ar- by T. C. Worth; with naval stores, &c. rested or otherwise hindered in Germany, and if our memory serves us right, in one other neutral country. Viewed in the mildest light, such conduct appears to us to call for prompt and rigorous rebuke.

BREADSTUFFS FOR GERMANY .- The Governors of the Zolleverein, of Germany, it is stated, have granted admission free of duty to grain and flour. Prussia is at the head of this Customs Union, and her dominions are suffering from a scarcity and high price of corn. In other parts of Germany it is stated that there is a like degree of dearth prevailing—Hesse Cassel, among the rest, where it is reported the typhus fever is decimating the population. The case of excellent SWAMP LAND, most of it standard above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty and Sound and Increasing the propulation. The case of excellent SWAMP LAND, most of it standard above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty about Forty and Sound above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty about Forty and Sound above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is about Forty above the level of the Sound. There is above the level of the Sound. The sound is above the level of the Sound. The sound is above the level of the Sound. The sound is above the level of the Sound. The sound is above the level of the Sound. The sound is above the level of the Sound is abov phus fever is decimating the population. The crops of cereals in the German States is reported at only three-fourths of an average. The New York Days three-fourths of an average. The New York Post alluded the other day to large purchases made here further information may be obtained by applying to of wheat for the Prussian government; and the large dealings in imported grain at Bremen, Hamburgh, Berlin, &c., have already rendered the exchanges favorable to New York .- Baltimore Sun.

A New TERRITORY .- The Pioneer, located as Olympia, Washington Territory, lately published a call for a convention, addressed to the people of Oregon and Washington 1 erritories, east of the Cascade mountains, to meet at the Dalles on the 25th of August last, to take preliminary steps for the organiza- Duplin Co., N. C., Sept. 28th, 1855.—[4-3m* tion of a new Territory, to extend on either side of of their Black Sea Indians in the proposed new Territory have thrown The decision of the Administration in regard to General Scott's pay will be rendered soon. It will give him the increased pay of Lieutenant General.

Was stores, and all that remains of their Black Sea fleet. The Czar is now at Nicholaieff, and it is supposed new Territory have thrown open for occupation all the fertile valley of the vast

a the Rich promise healt. At mode of heavy policy will thin alone between another

From the National Intelligencer of Friday Honor to an American Officer. We learn that the Russian Minister yesterday waited on Lieutenat Maury, at the National Observ. atory, to deliver, by command of his Government, an who, it will be remembered, is the commander in. chief of the Russian Navy. This letter is written in French; but under the belief that many of our re ders will derive as much pleasure from its perusal

St. Petersburg, Dec. 10, (22,) 1854. To Lieutenant Maury-SIR:-It is now a long time since the eminent scientific works, for which and maintain that object, I would call upon the peoence have rendered me a complete report, in which This is such an unmitigated falsehood that there is I have taken the most lively interest. I should reyou belong as well as to the great nation which you have the bonor to serve.

Receive, sir, the assurance of my good will and CONSTANTINE. This is a high but deserved compliment to Lieut. lieved from active duty in the Navy that he may be permanently retained in his present exalted and responsible position as Chief of the National Observa-

tory, where his services in the cause of science and

nautical improvement will be much more important

and valuable to his country and the world than they would probably prove, however eminent they might be in any other position.

The battle at King's Mountain, S. C., fought on the 7th of October, 1780, the first decisive victory at the south in the war of the revolution, was celebrated this year by an assembly of fifteen thousand persons from Tennessee and the two Carolinas. Fifty beeves, 250 sheep and 100 pigs were barbecued the day before to furnish the feast. The orator was John S Preston, an eloquent South Carolinian. Mr. Ban.

more than usual eloquence. The anticipated despatch from Col. Ferguson, who commanded the British forces, ran-"I hold a posiabundance of supplies. The American loss was about 120. A sword, worn by Col. Campbell, the American commander, was exhibited at the celebration. it is over 200 years old, having been used by Col. C.'s ancestors in the Scottish wars. William (anniversary, and said that his crutch and his grav hairs must be his excuse for not making a speech but my heart," he was continuing, when his emotion overcame him, and he could not utter another word. His auditors were much affected.

An American, writing from Europe, speaking of the war and its effects, says: "The Know-Nothings may cease their outery

against immigrants and foreigners. They may want their labor hereafter, but they may as well call upon the "spirits of the vasty deep" to come to their aid. With this year there will be measurably a termination to emigration to the United States from Europe. Labor is in extraordinary request, not only throughbranch of the iron industry wages have been advance. ed voluntarily by the emp the last few days. In Ireland common field hands wonderful shortness of supply of laborers, resulting from the war. The lowest estimate of the destruction of life attendant upon hostilities is estimated at five hundred thousand persons, capable of perform. ing military duty. This, consequently, is almost equal to taking that number from industrial pur-

Since the disastrous termination of the recent attempt to lay the submarine telegraph wire between Cape Breton and the coast of Newfoundland, (made in the latter part of August,) the impression has been from this, the gentlemen engaged in the enterprise, the of June and July are the only ones when the wire csn be laid with safety. The land portion of the It is needless to comment on the situation in which this gentleman has placed himself, should the state- line extending from Cape Ray to St. John's, a disments of Hertz be substantiated. If there be any tance of 100 miles, is very near completion, so that one thing more incumbent than another on the rep- the next steamer from that direction is expected to bring intelligence that it is done.

> NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 17 .- Cotton is unchanged, and 4,000 bales were sold to-day at from 84@9 cents @ Middling.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 5.—Cotton dull, prices have declined. Breadstuffs—market quiet. Old Wheat is in active d mand, and full prices are given. Flour is in better reques tine is in better demand. Rosin is less closed at 874. American Stocks are heavy, and prices nom

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, N. C .-- October, 1855 Oct. 18—Tern. Schr. Col. John McRae, Bogart, from Boston, to J. H. Chadbourn & Co.; with mdze. Schr. J. H. Flanner, Thompson, from Philadelphia, to Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to A. H. VanBok

Oct. 19 -- Schr. L. S. Levering, Corson, from New York

T. C. & B. G. Worth, with two lighters in tow. CLEARED. Oct. 18.—Basque Hermitage, Elliott, for Coast of Africa by Wm. M. Harriss; with lumber, shingles, naval stores &c.

Oct. 20-Schr. David Faust, Robbins, for Philadelphia Sehr. Sam Bolton, Podger, for Georgetown, S. C., by C. Worth. 491 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale the above quantity of LAND, lying on the Sound, and wit e and a half of the Cape Fear river, and ten mi mile and a half of the Cape Fear river, and the Wilmington. The Land is fertile and well adapted culture of Corn, Ground-peas, Potatoes, and all kin vegetables. There is about Three Hundred and Acres of excellent SWAMP LAND, most of it stand

Oct. 12th. 1855 .- 76-tf

ALL persons are hereby forewarned from cutting or of wise pillaging, or hunting with dogs and gun, or of wise, either by fire-light or in the day-time, or trespass in any manner whatever on any of my lands lying en M ly Creek and the waters of said creek, in the cou plin, as the law will be rigidly enforced against all offen BENJAMIN LANIE

Richlands, N. C., Oct. 19 .- 7-5t